



Db2 – Ready for Modernized Workloads and Deployments

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Db2 LUW

The AI Ladder

A prescriptive approach to accelerating the journey to AI



AI

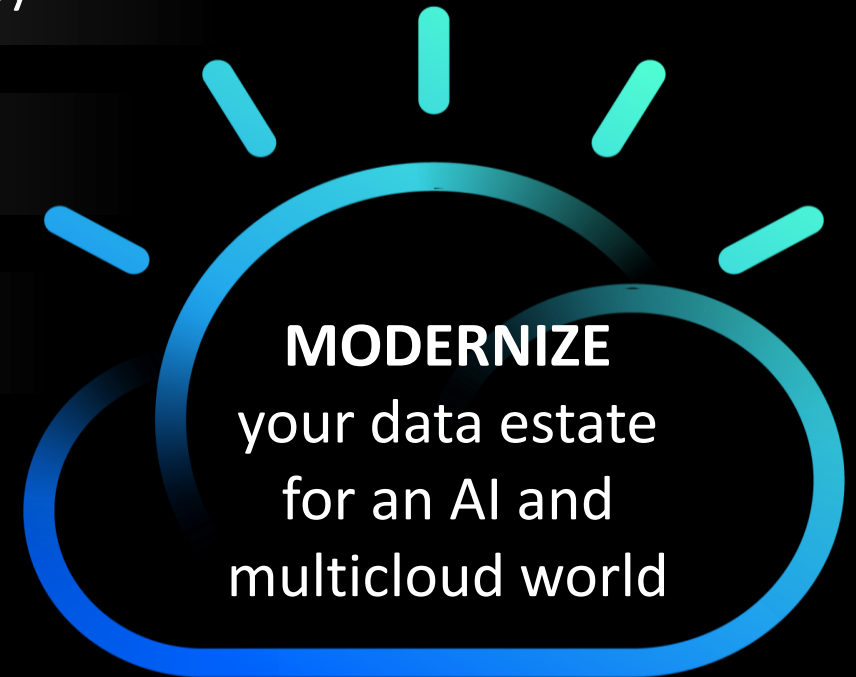
INFUSE – Operationalize AI with trust and transparency

ANALYZE – Scale insights with AI everywhere

ORGANIZE – Create a trusted analytics foundation

COLLECT – Make data simple and accessible

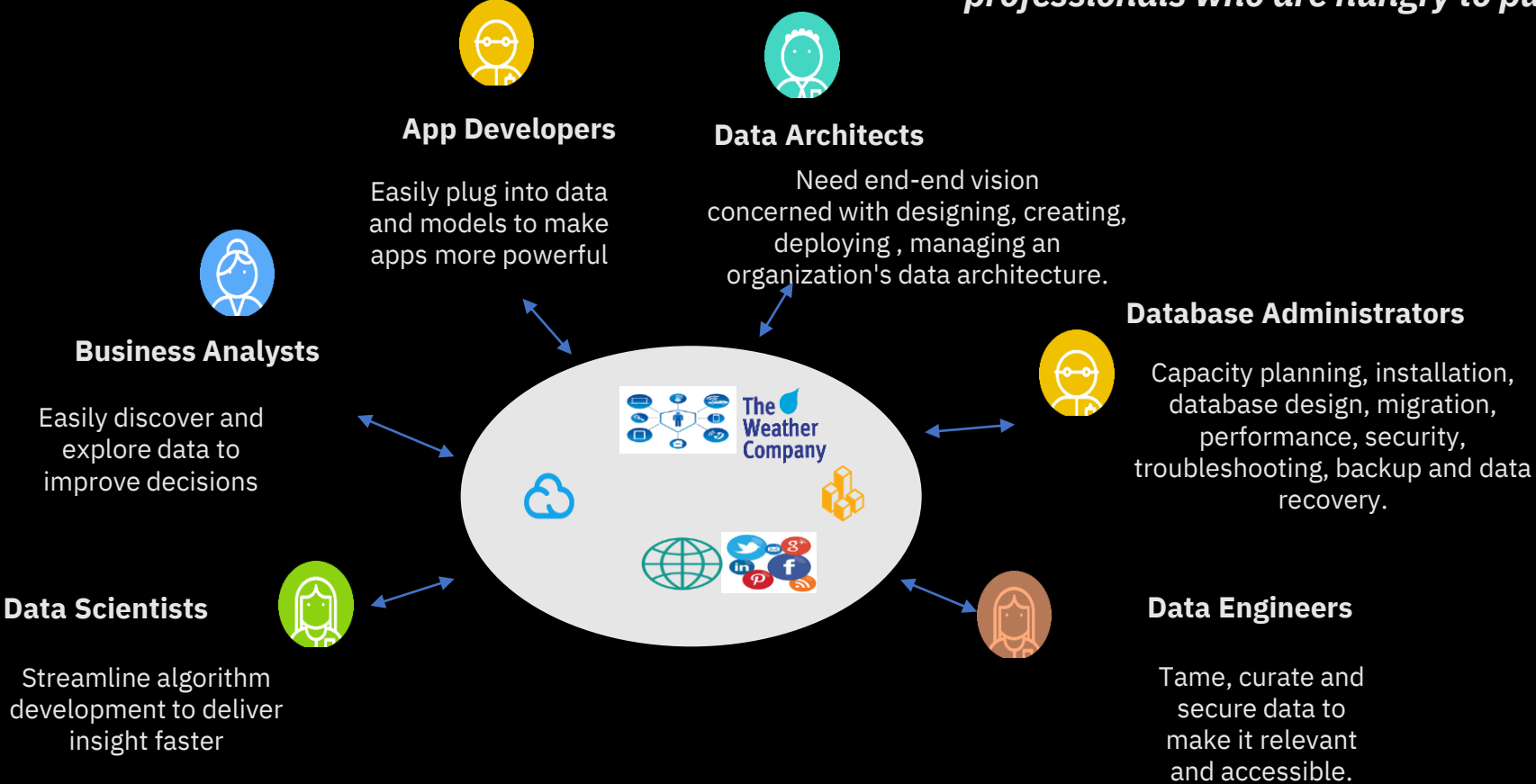
Data of every type, regardless
of where it lives



MODERNIZE
your data estate
for an AI and
multicloud world

Evolving Needs of all Data Professionals

As data maturity increases, so does the number of data professionals who are hungry to put data to work



Collect: IBM Hybrid Data Management

Enterprise and open source data

IBM® Db2®

All workloads

OLTP/Operational

OLAP/Mixed

Big data

Fast data

One engine and experience

Db2 common SQL engine

Easily access all data

Data virtualization

All deployment targets

Public cloud

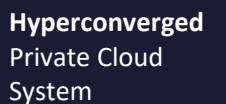
Private cloud

On-premises

Appliance

On my cloud

IBM Cloud Pak for Data



Two Dimensions of Modernization

- Deployment Form
- Workload Dynamics

Db2 – A Modern Database System

Containerized Deployment Options

The ability to deploy Db2 leveraging containers and a RedHat OpenShift platform

Fully Managed DBaaS

The ability to deploy Db2 as a fully managed service for public, multi and hybrid cloud environments

Cornerstone of COLLECT in Journey to AI

Db2 is the cornerstone for COLLECT in Cloud Pak for Data to cover your end-to-end needs to leverage AI

Multi-Modal Data Store

Db2 is a multi-modal data store supporting native relational, XML, JSON, BSON and Graph data models

Data Virtualization

Db2 contains a data virtualization component which allows Db2 to be a doorway to all of your business data

In-Db2 Machine Learning

Allows data scientists and developers to bring machine learning local to the data stored within Db2

Db2 Leverages Machine Learning

Db2 optimizes for your workloads using a machine learning optimizer

NoSQL / NewSQL Data Store

Db2 supports SQL, Mongo API, XQuery and Gremlin as ways to access data in our multi-modal data store

Db2 – Modernization – Deployment Form

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Db2 & OpenShift - Containerized Deployment

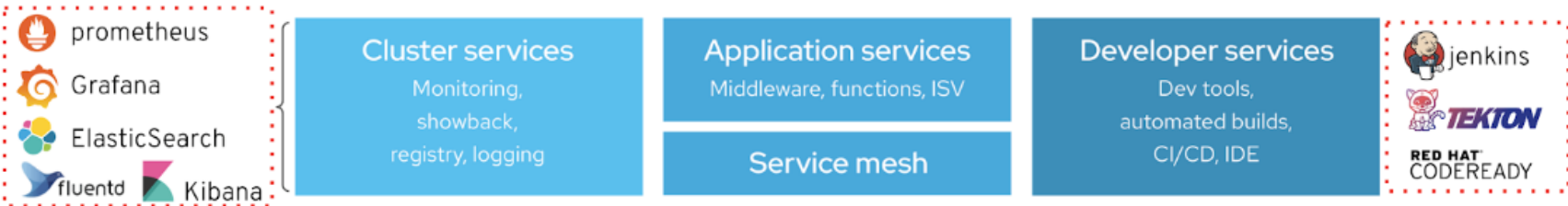
Db2



OPENSIFT 4



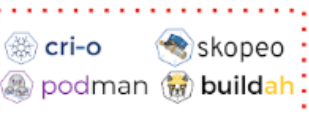
Best IT ops experience CaaS ↔ PaaS | FaaS Best developer experience



Automated operations

kubernetes

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS



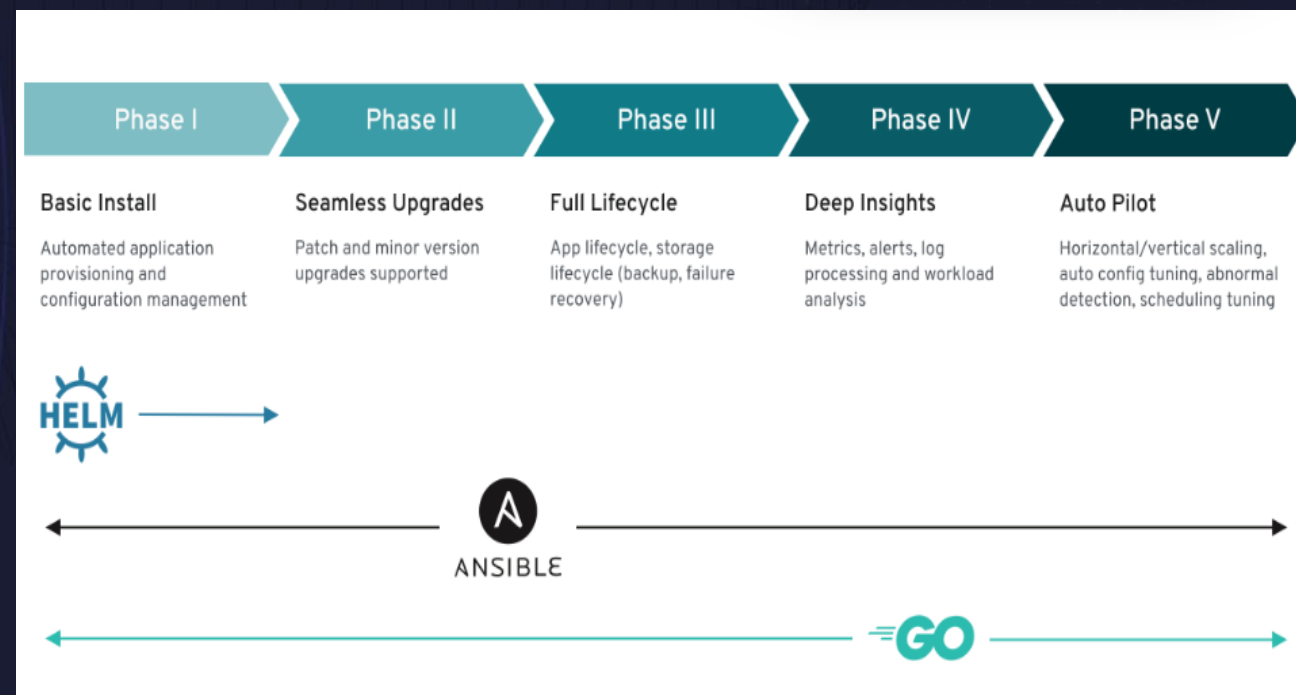
Any infrastructure



Db2 on Openshift – born in the k8s era...

With a common underlying architecture based on Kubernetes Operators, Db2 delivers a consistent experience across cloud environments:

- **RedHat OperatorHub:** prototyping and production use
- **Cloud Pak for Data:** integration with Governance & AI/ML
- **Db2 Everywhere:** seamless applications migrations to AWS, Azure, SL, Google Cloud
- **“True hybrid” experiences:** transparent data movement between public and private clouds with Common SQL Engine



<https://marketplace.redhat.com/en-us/products/ibm-db2-on-cloud-pak-for-data>

Now Available on Red Hat Marketplace!!

Db2 Operator – Performance Evaluation



All Performance Results for Db2 on RHOS

Metrics	Db2U on RHOS
Install Time	[Automated & includes instance/Database Creation] Time: ~ 2' to 4' (Db2)
Upgrade Time	[Automated] Time: 20'
<u>HADR</u> Takeover time	[Automated] Time: 2-4' minute
Recovery on Db2 Failure	[Automated] Time: 3 minutes + Partial Crash Recovery time* (observed < 1 min on SMALL)
Recovery on Hardware Failure	[Automated] Time: 6 minutes + Partial Crash Recovery time*
Scaling Compute	Time: 2 minutes

- Partial Crash Recovery time*: Usually complete in minutes with worst case at 20/30 minutes

Reference architecture -

<https://www.redhat.com/en/resources/IBM-Db2-Warehouse-MPP-on-OpenShift-Container-Storage-detail>

Db2 C2C (Click 2 Containerize)

Accelerated Pathway for Customers to hybrid Cloud

- It's **Containerization**

- *NOT Migration*
- No Backup Restore
- No Export / Import
- No Reconfiguration
- Data Handled Securely

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Click to Containerize". The header includes "IBM Digital Technical Engagement" and "Click to Containerize" with a logo. The main content is organized into six blue panels, each with a right-pointing arrow at the bottom right:

- Containerization Overview:** Describes the tool's purpose for analyzing existing Db2 databases for containerization on OpenShift. Includes a link for more details.
- Register Database:** Explains the registration and analysis of a candidate Db2 database. Lists required information: database name, host address, port, and credentials.
- Database Utilities:** States that configuration information is kept locally. Provides a link to view catalogued databases.
- Analyzer Settings:** Allows modification of OpenShift and Dictionary settings. Notes that the Dictionary contains Db2 parameters for adjustment. Includes a link to change the reference database.
- Containerize Db2:** Details the process of generating a shell script for containerization once parameters are identified. Notes the need for administrator access to an OpenShift cluster.
- Additional Support:** Provides contact information for Phil Downey and George Baklarz, and a link to the Db2 OpenShift Lab.

An "Exit" button is located at the bottom left of the interface.

Db2 C2C (Click 2 Containerize)

Accelerated Pathway for Customers to hybrid Cloud Db2 for OpenShift / Cloud Pak for Data

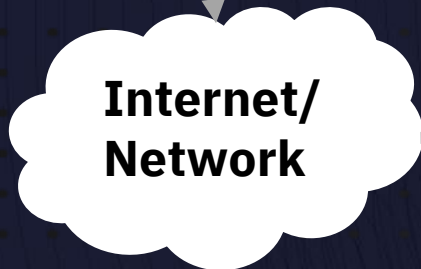
Db2 On Prem

Db2 on Linux



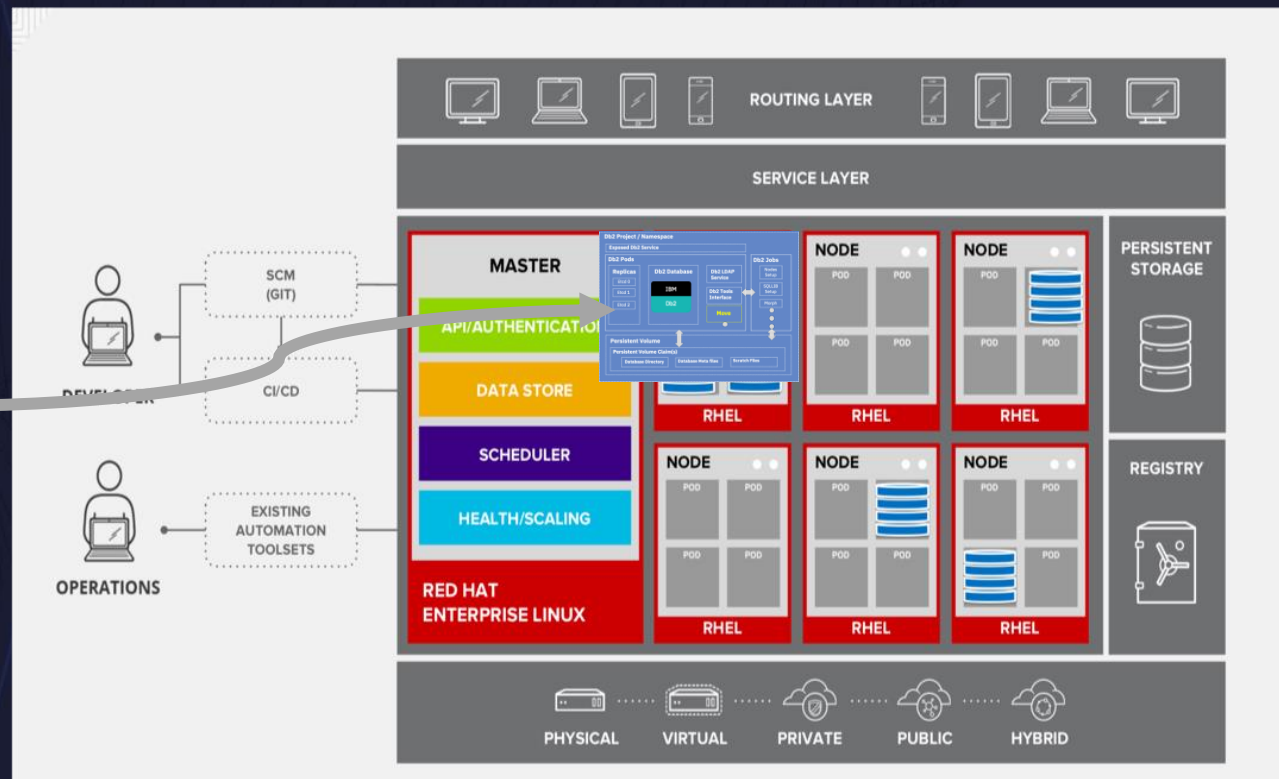
- Logs
- Mirror Logs
- Storage Path
- Storage Path X
- External UDFs
- DB Config Files
- KeyStore

Oc Client



Tested over 15,000 km Internet connection

**Tunable Parallel Data Transfer
Data Compression
Fully Auditable**



Containerized Db2 Hybrid Cloud Service

Cloud Pak for Data

Foundational “out of the box” multi-cloud Data & AI services

The Ladder to AI



InfuseAI

App Developers

Data Engineers

Data Stewards

Data Scientists

Business Users & Analysts

Collect

- Data virtualization
- Data warehousing
- Databases on-demand
- Data source ingestion
- Distributed processing

Powered by: Db2 and Db2 Warehouse technologies

Organize

- Discovery & search
- Data transformation
- Data cataloging
- Business glossary
- Policies, rules & privacy

Powered by: Infosphere, Data Stage and IGC/WKC

Analyze

- Data visualization
- Machine learning learning
- Model build & deploy
- Model management
- Dashboards

Powered by: Watson Studio open source and Cognos

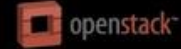
Multicloud Services

- Logging
- Metering
- Kubernetes
- Identity Access Mgmt.
- Monitoring
- Persistent Storage
- Security
- Docker Registry / Helm

Cloud Pak for Data



IBM Cloud



Cloud Pak for Data + Db2

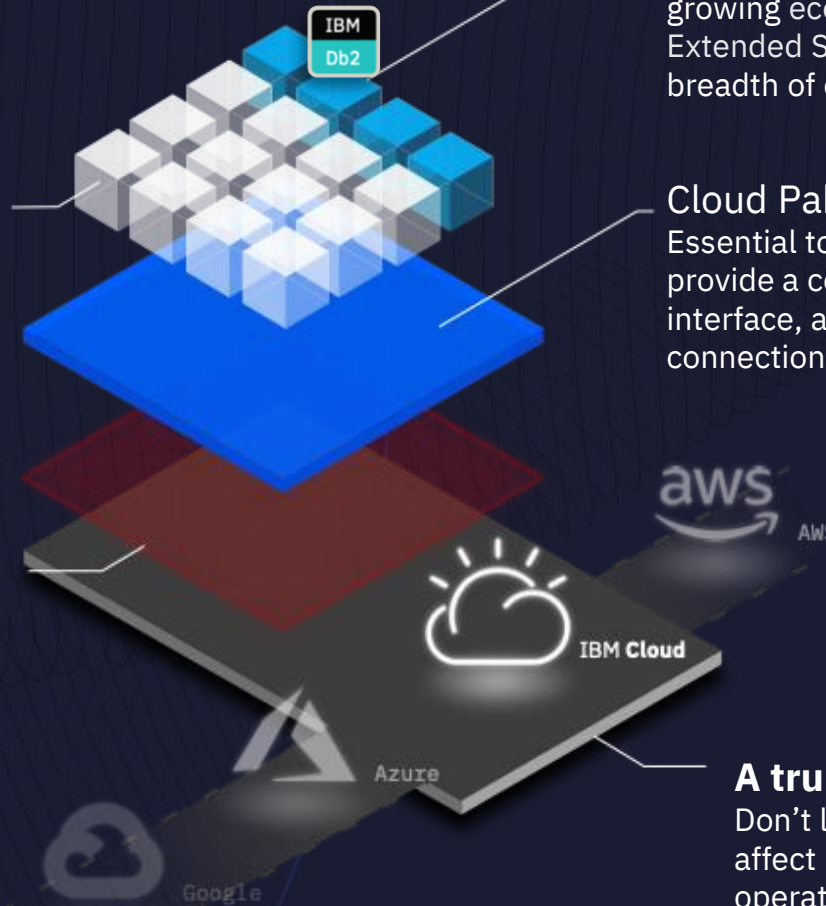
Simplifies, unifies and automates your journey to AI

Base Services

Core to Cloud Pak for Data, these Base services fastrack organizations on their **end-to-end data and AI journey** with comprehensive continuum of capabilities.

Red Hat® OpenShift®

A streamlined hybrid-cloud foundation to take advantage of the underlying resource and infrastructure optimization and management. OpenShift license dedicated to run Cloud Pak for Data.



Extended Services

Beyond its Base Services, Cloud Pak for Data has a growing ecosystem of OpenSource, Partner, and IBM Extended Services – **including Db2** to expand the breadth of capabilities for teams.

Cloud Pak Control Plane

Essential to Cloud Pak for Data, Foundational Services provide a command-line interface, an administration interface, a services catalog, a central list of connections, and the central user experience.

A truly Hybrid-Cloud world

Don't let lock-in or major IT decisions affect how your Data and AI teams operate. Your work and data should be accessible in any Hybrid-Cloud strategy.

IBM Db2 Cloud Offerings

Fully-managed, high-performance, elastic cloud services, built for the modern enterprise.

IBM Db2 on Cloud

- Transactional / Operational database as a service

- IBM Db2 Warehouse on Cloud
- Cloud data warehouse as a service



vektis

HARRY ROSEN



AMC NETWORKS

KONE

L'ORÉAL PARIS

ExxonMobil

RSG MEDIA

- Comes with all the features you need to securely run your enterprise data workloads:

- *Role-Based and Row/Column Access Control*
- *Auditing*
- *Query Federation*
- *In-Database ML*
- *Geospatial Analytics*
- *JSON*
- *Graph Query*
- *Workload Management*
- *Oracle Compatibility*

Tens of thousands of customers worldwide
Hundreds of billions of activities monthly
Petabytes of data under management

Db2 – Modernization - Workloads

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Workload Dynamics

- Defining New & Modern Workloads
- Db2 and Mixed Workloads
- Db2 a Multi-Modal Database System
- Data Virtualization



New and Modern Workloads Definition

Different Kinds of Workloads – Where Db2 Plays

	OLTP	Mixed Workloads		Traditional Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW)			
Workload	OLTP	Operational	Extreme Analytics	Operational Data Store	Operational Analytics	Analytics	Data Marts
Use	Transactions	Transactions with operational analytics	All types of analytic workloads and federated sources	Simple queries	Single-record look-up / IUD	Deep analytics – bulk scan	Computationally heavy / mining
Data Types	Traditional structured	Traditional structured + events + JSON + Graph + ...	Traditional structured + events + JSON + Graph + ...	Traditional structured	Traditional structured	Traditional structured	Traditional structured
Performance	1000s TPS	1000s TPS + 10s QPS	1000 QPS, many complex	100s QPS	10s-100s of S/IUD per second	100s QPS – 1000 QPS	Lower volume long running
Inserts	1000/s	1000/s	Continual Data Ingest	snapshots Seconds delay	Continual Data Ingest (Trickle feed) – OR - Batch - hourly/n-times daily/daily/etc		
Schema	Normalized	Normalized	De-normalized	Normalized	De-normalized	De-normalized	De-normalized
Applications	SQL	SQL + NoSQL + NewSQL	SQL + NoSQL + NewSQL	SQL	SQL	SQL	SQL

Different Kinds of Workloads – New Workloads

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Schema	Normalized	Normalized	De-normalized	Normalized	De-normalized	De-normalized	De-normalized
Applications	SQL	SQL + NoSQL + NewSQL	SQL + NoSQL + NewSQL	SQL	SQL	SQL	SQL



New and Modern Workloads Mixed Workloads

ML Optimizer

ML based optimizer improves query performance using predictive estimations to improve query access plans.

The Db2 Machine Learning Optimizer provides an additional level of intelligent optimization to deliver query execution strategies that improve on traditional cost-based query optimization

Basic workload cost optimizers can suggest query execution strategies, but they aren't sensitive to recent changes in the database, and they can't learn from experience

The Db2 Machine Learning Optimizer, by contrast, incorporates feedback from actual query performance to recommend execution strategies that may deliver improved results

Up to **10x** fast query performance!

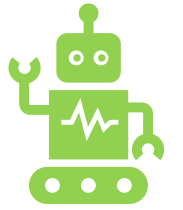


ML based Query Optimization

Get intelligent query processing with ML-based optimizer that uses Neural networks to learn from experience

- Uses ML to learn from experience and **improve decisions using feedback** from actual query performance, in line with the changes in the database
 - **Speed up** query and database execution with improved decision making and accuracy
- Applies ML to better **estimate predicate filtering**, which is key to better query performance
- **Confidence-based querying** adds machine learning extensions to SQL expressions using neural networks, to find similarities, patterns and matches
- **Optimizes** memory and compute capacity resources and database resources based on specific workload needs

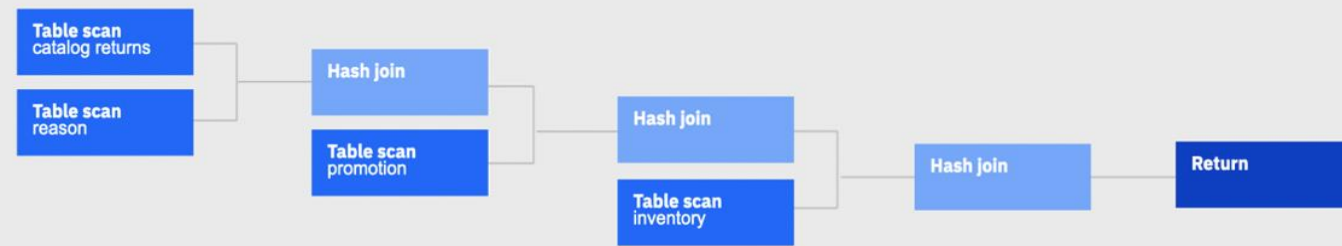
Get up to **10x** better query performance with Db2



Without machine learning



With machine learning



ML Optimizer

Benefits for the end user

By dynamically improving query performance, the Db2 ML Optimizer helps to:

- **Speed-up e-commerce transactions** and improve customer satisfactions, especially during major sales events and holidays.
- **Improve customer experience in support calls**, prevent churn, and create better loyalty in order to protect and grow revenue.
- Do more with your existing infrastructure, **meet and exceed the SLA** expected by the business.
- Quickly **identify fraud patterns** and improve fraud detection.

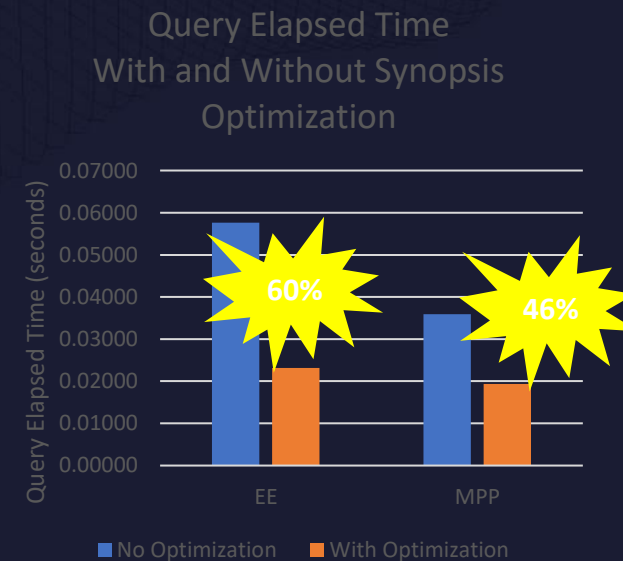
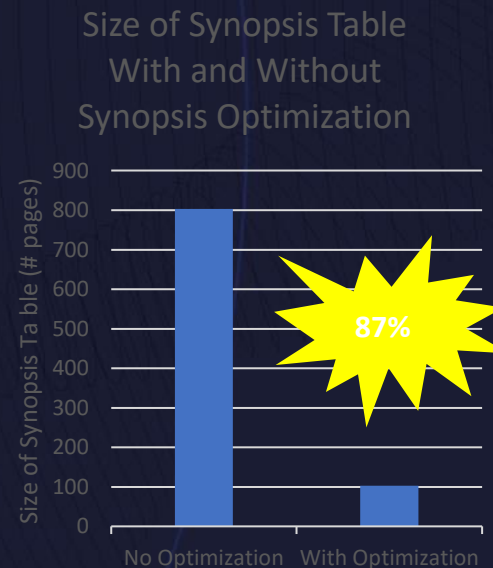
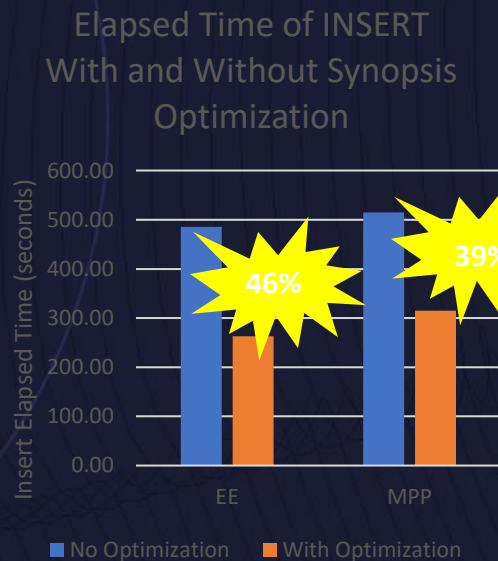
Get things done up to **10x** faster!



Performance: Synopsis Table Maintenance

- Buffer tuples in memory and write them to synopsis table every 1024 rows
 - Up to 46% improvement in insert performance!
 - Up to 87% reduction in synopsis table size!
 - Up to 60% reduction in elapsed time with queries with range predicates!

OLTP
+ OLAP
= HTAP



- IBM p760 / POWER7+ 32 cores / 1TB RAM
- Table with 50 columns.

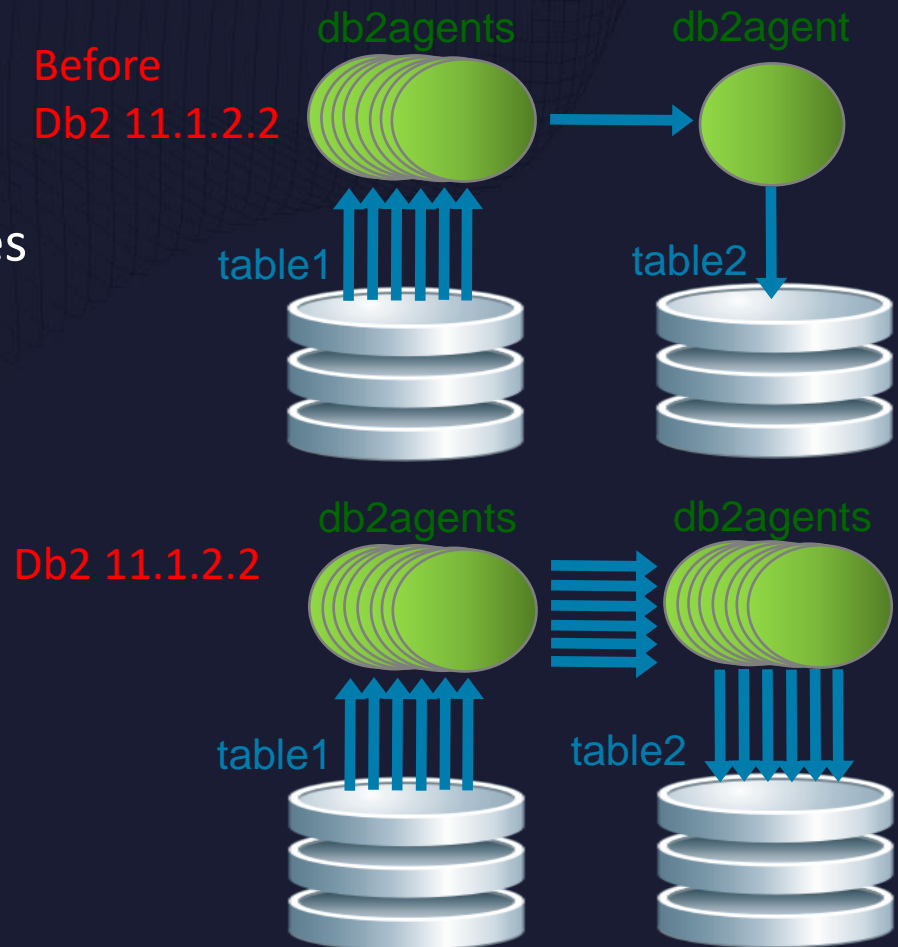
- Single user
- Insert test 100K rows with commit count = 1
- Select query with 10 pairs of range predicates

Performance is based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput or performance that any user will experience will vary depending upon many factors, including considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve results similar to those stated here.

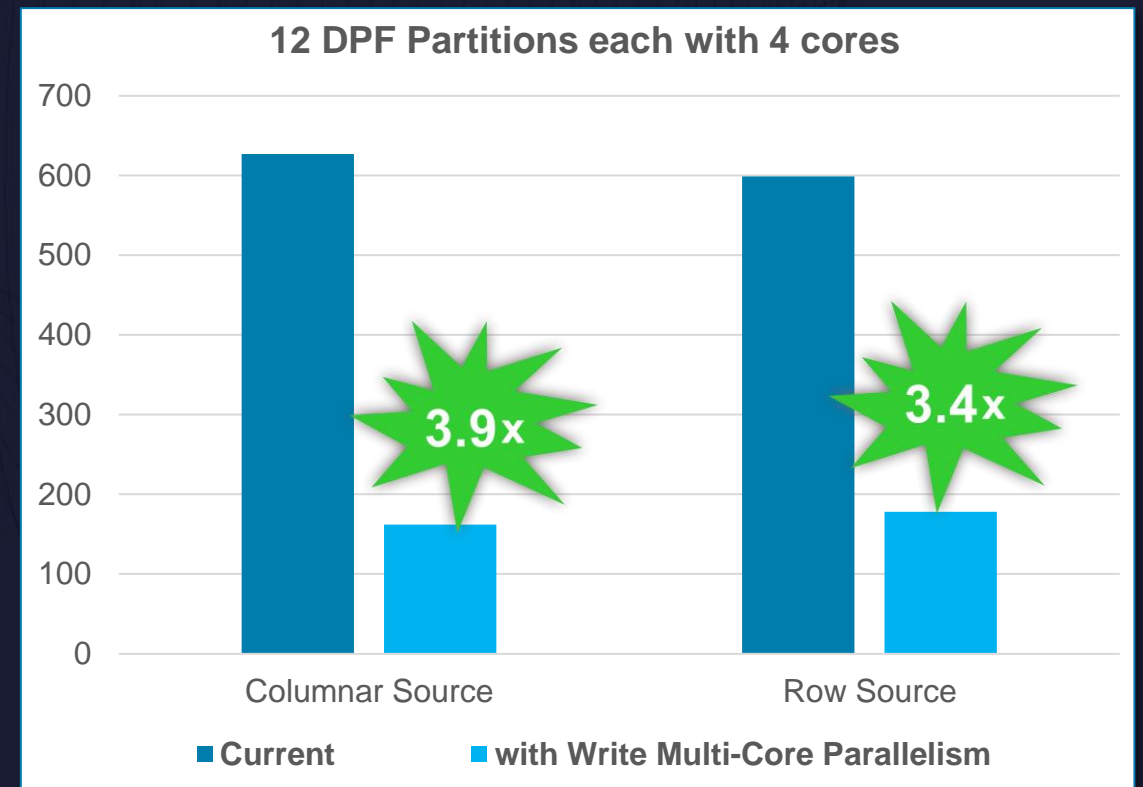
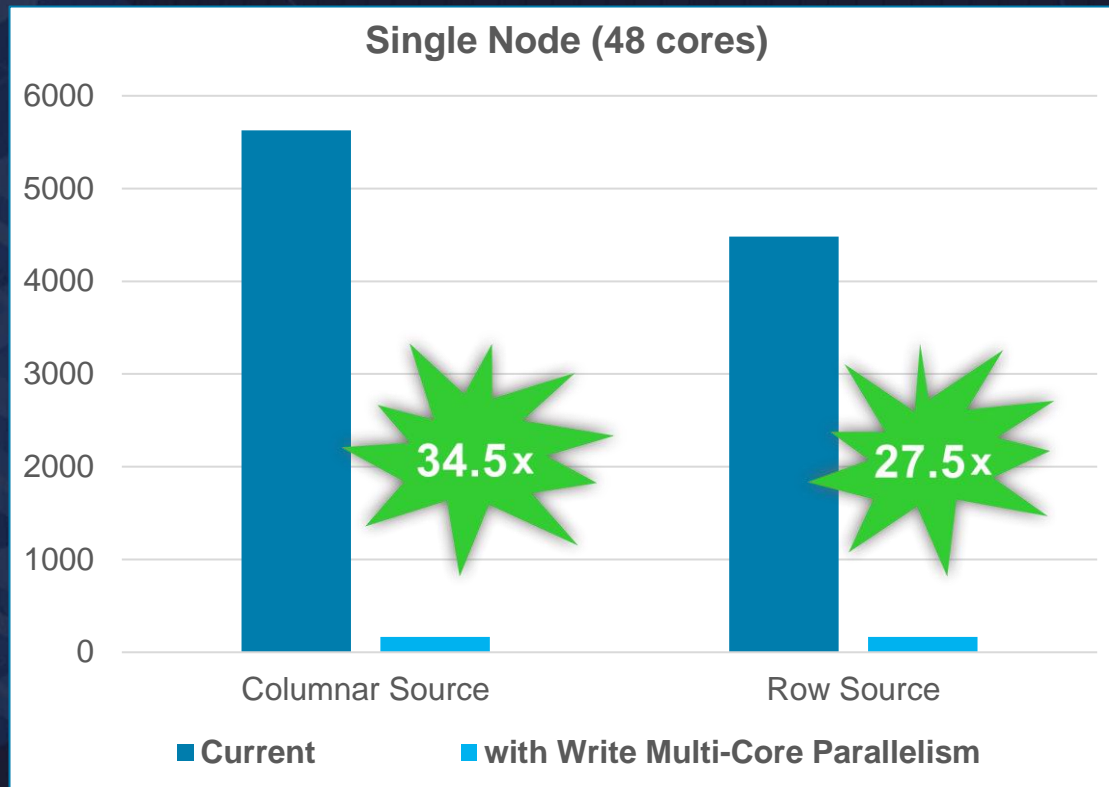
Multi-core parallelism – INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE

- Db2 has exceptional multi-core scalability for queries:
 - Combined MPP and SMP parallelism
 - Includes columnar and row-based tables
 - Applies to sub-select of INSERT
- New multi-core parallelism for INSERT on columnar tables
 - Includes a variety of data population methods (i.e., INSERT, INGEST, etc.)
 - Extends to index maintenance
 - Also applicable to MPP deployments
- **Very significant** reduction in time for:
 - ETL/ELT batch jobs
 - Data population/ingest jobs
 - Move/copy data from one table into another

```
INSERT INTO table2 SELECT FROM table1
```



Multi-core parallelism: Internal test results

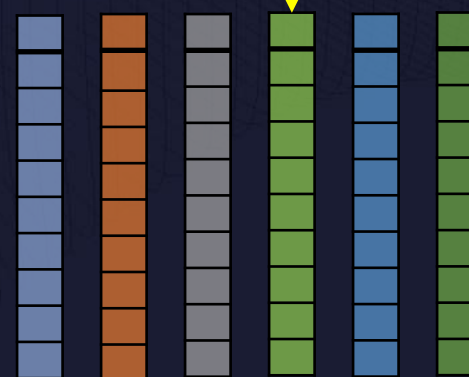
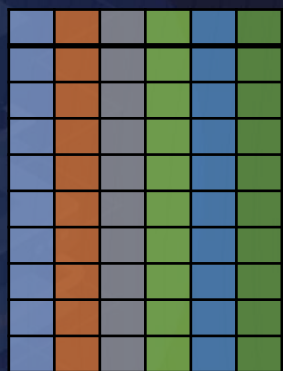


- 100 Million Rows
- 47 GB

- DPF tests used 12 logical DB partitions, & co-located tables
- Same 48 core server used for single-node and DPF tests

Trickle Feed INSERT: Baseline - Bulk INSERT

Bulk Insert



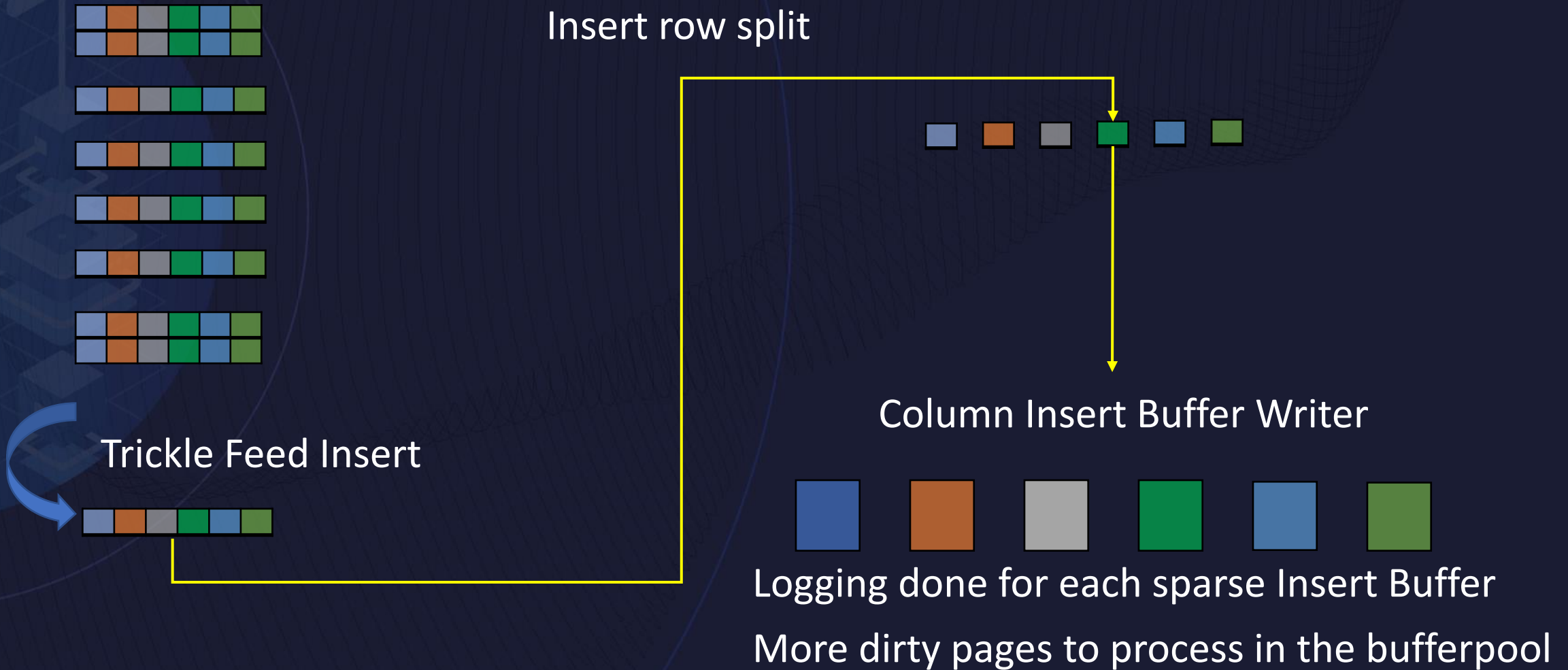
Column Vectors

Column Insert Buffer Writer



Logging is done for each Insert Buffer when full
Less dirty pages to process in the bufferpool

Trickle Feed INSERT Prior To Db2 11.5.6

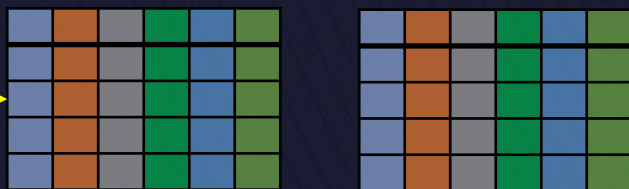


Trickle Feed INSERT in Db2 11.5.6

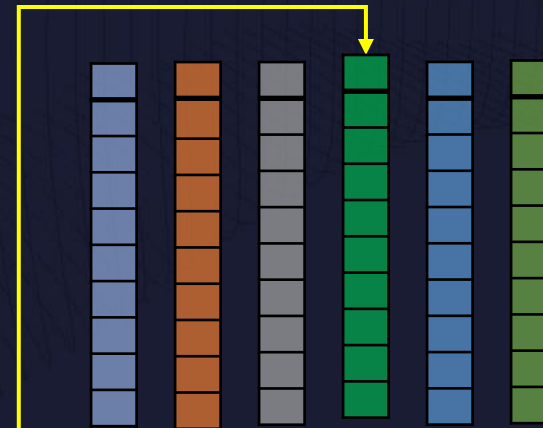
Trickle Feed Insert



Column Group Buffer



Column Split



Column Vectors

Column Insert Buffer Writer



Logging is done for fuller Insert Buffers

Less dirty pages to process in the bufferpool

Benefits of Trickle Feed Enhancements

Reduced storage space for small tables

Significant reduction in log space usage
(~ 50%-75% with Integer columns)

Reduction in bufferpool dirty pages

Modest performance improvement

Benefits to UPDATE with the INSERT portion

Columnar – Index Support

- DB2 11.1. currently implicitly creates unique indexes to support PRIMARY or UNIQUE KEY constraints
 - A unique index can be used to access data if at most 1 row qualifies and every key in the index must have an equality predicate OR the FETCH FIRST 1 ROW ONLY clause is specified
- As of Db2 11.1.3.3, Db2 now supports CREATE INDEX for column-organized tables:
 - Unique and non-unique indexes
 - DROP and ALTER also supported
 - ALTER INDEX only supports COMPRESS [YES | NO]
- These new indexes can be used to access column-organized data using most of the same methods as row-organized data and without restrictions on the number of qualifying rows



New and Modern Workloads Multi-Model

Db2 Multi-Model Support – The Value

1

Don't migrate or duplicate your data in another store

- Leverage Db2 as a native data store for any supported model of data.
- Query your federated data sources as you would query your local Db2 tables

2

Keep Data consistent and Transactions fast

- Inserts made through RDBMS and the data are reflected in appropriate model in real-time
- Db2 scales up to petabyte scale
- ACID Properties apply. All models of data have transactional awareness.

3

Keep database Secure and Scalable

- Db2's sophisticated security and access controls and bitemporal support are available for all supported models of data.
- Choose between row-organized, column-organized, pureScale, DPF (MPP) flavors of Db2 – leverage HADR. All models are supported in all Db2 topologies.

4

Developers can access multiple models, all from the same data stored once

- Developers see a SQL, NoSQL and NewSQL model for accessing any of the supported models in Db2.
- Users are able to visualize results sets in whatever model of data they choose.

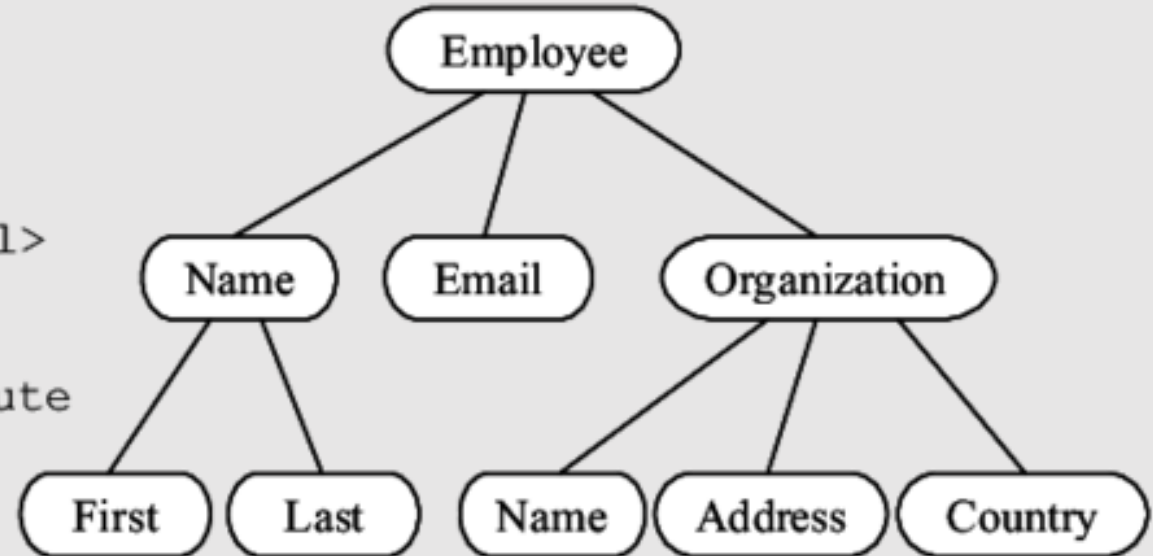


New and Modern Workloads

XML

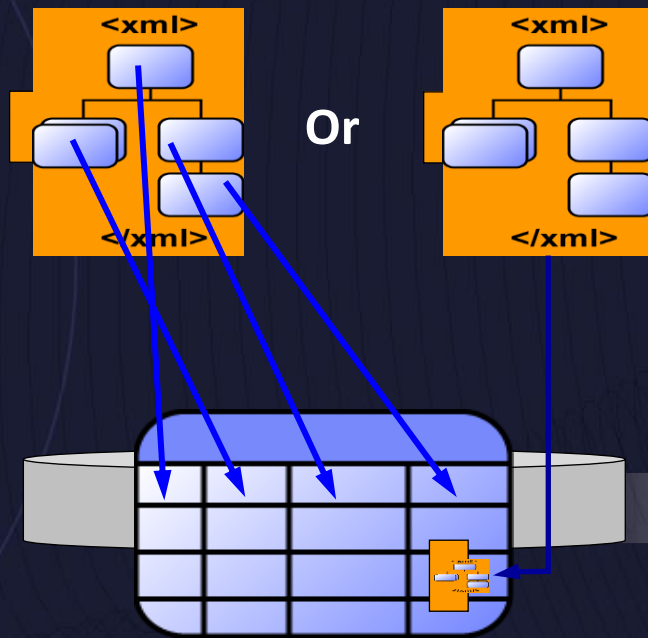
Db2 Supporting XML (pureXML)

```
<Employee>
  <Name>
    <First>Lassi</First>
    <Last>Lehto</Last>
  </Name>
  <Email>Lassi.Lehto@fgi.fi</Email>
  <Organization>
    <Name>
      Finnish Geodetic Institute
    </Name>
    <Address>
      PO Box 15,
      FIN-02431 Masala
    </Address>
    <Country CountryCode="358">Finland</Country>
  </Organization>
</Employee>
```



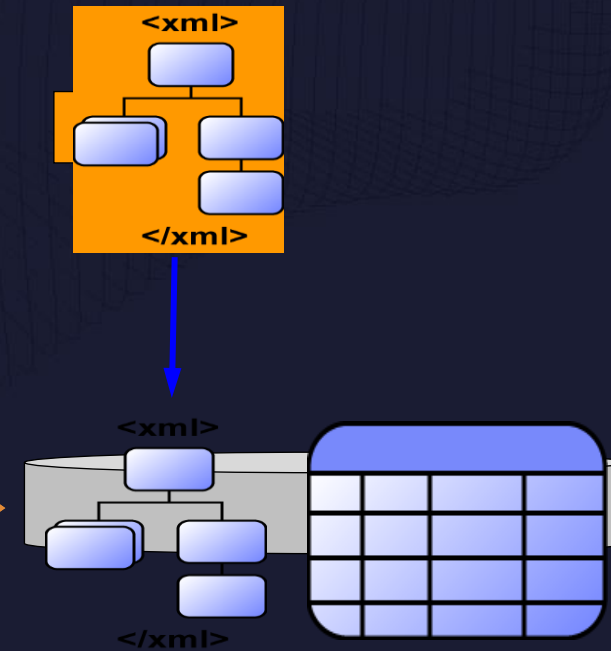
Db2 – XML Capabilities – Storage View

High cost development
Poor performance



Business data in XML form
managed in relational database

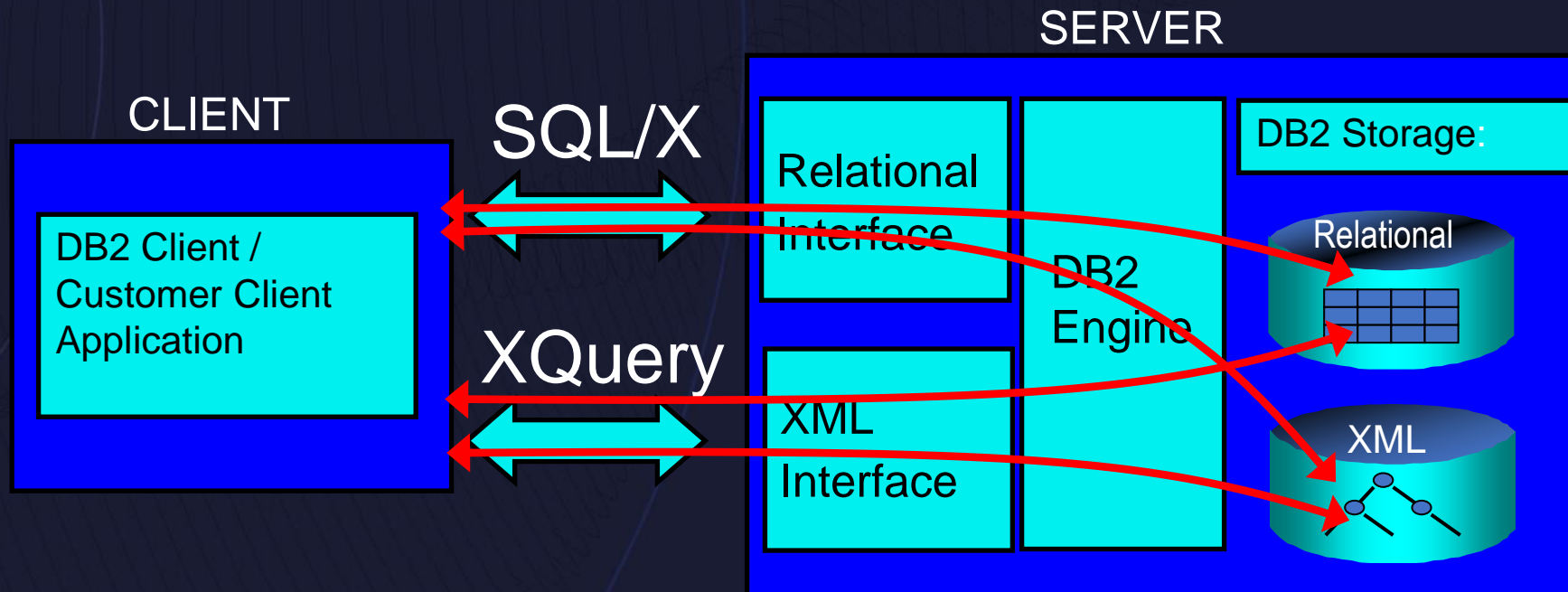
Streamlined development
High performance



Business data in XML form
managed with Db2 pureXML™

Integration of XML & Relational Capabilities

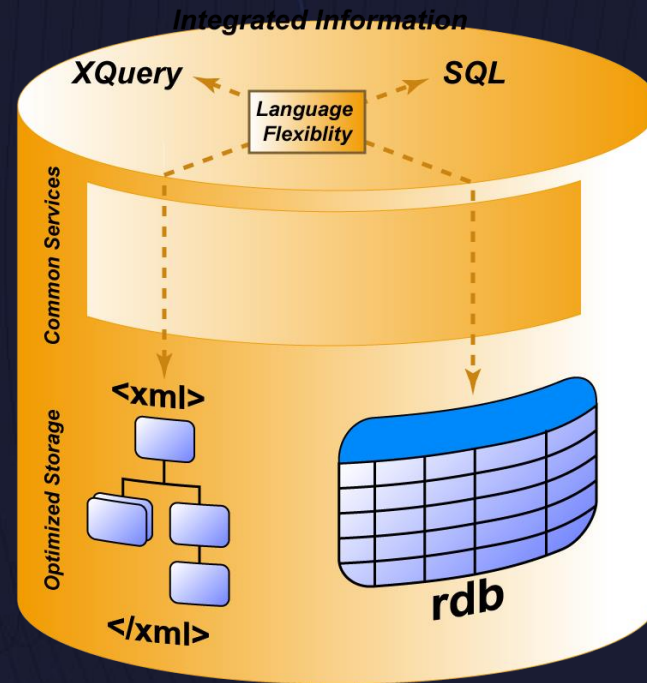
- ▶ **Native XML data type (server & client side)**
- ▶ **XML Capabilities in all Db2 components**
- ▶ **Applications combine XML & relational data**



Db2 – XML Capabilities – Retrieval View



SQL Person... "I see a world class RDBMS that also supports XML"



XML Person... "I see a world class XML repository that also supports SQL"

From a user and developer view – you have natively stored XML – accessible using XQuery

XML – From a SQL User perspective

- Data Definition

```
create table dept(deptID int, deptdoc xml);
```

- Indexing

Create index deptindex on dept(deptdoc) generate key using `xmlpattern '/Person/Dept'` as sql double;

- Insert

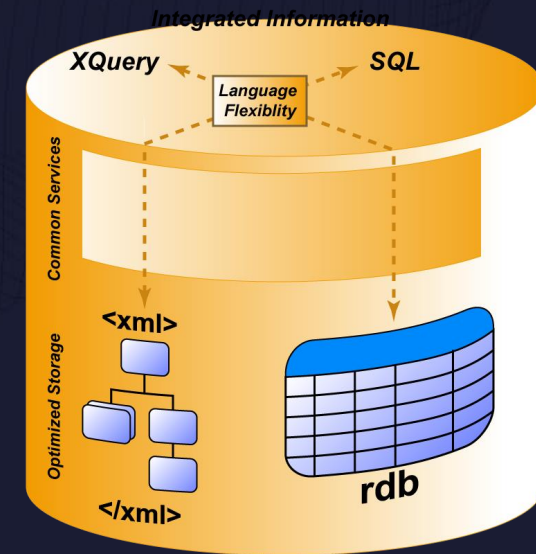
```
insert into dept(deptID, deptdoc) values (?,?)
```

- Retrieve

```
select deptID, deptdoc from dept
```

- Query

```
select deptID, xmlquery('$d/dept/name' passing deptdoc as "d") from dept where deptID <> "PR27";
```



SQL/XML Functions

- Scalar functions
 - **XMLELEMENT** - generates an XML element
 - **XMLATTRIBUTES** - used within XMLELEMENT, specifies attributes
 - **XMLFOREST** - produces a forest of XML elements from SQL values
 - **XMLCONCAT** - concatenates a variable number of XML values
 - **XMLNAMESPACE** – produces a namespace declarations in an XML
- Aggregate function
 - **XMLAGG** - to group or aggregate XML data
- Cast functions
 - **XMLCAST** - converts between XML data type and standard relational types
 - **XML2CLOB** – converts XML data type to serialized XML as a char/varchar/clob
- Additional functions
 - **XMLPARSE** – parses character/BLOB data, produces XML value
 - **XMLVALIDATE** – validates XML value against an XML schema
 - **XMLEXISTS** - determines if an XQuery returns a results (i.e. a sequence of one or more items)
 - **XMLQUERY** - executes an XQuery and returns the result sequence
 - **XMLTABLE** - executes an XQuery, returns the result sequence as a relational table (if possible)
 - **XMLSERIALIZE** – converts XML data type to serialized XML as a char/varchar/clob/blob

XML – From an XML Developer Perspective – The FLWOR Expression

- FOR: iterates through a sequence, bind variable to items
- LET: binds a variable to a sequence
- WHERE: eliminates items of the iteration
- ORDER: reorders items of the iteration
- RETURN: constructs query results

```
FOR $movie in xmlcolumn('movies.doc')
LET $actors := $movie//actor
WHERE $movie/duration > 90
ORDER by $movie/@year
RETURN <movie>
      {$movie/title, $actors}
      </movie>
```

```
<movie>
  <title>Chicago</title>
  <actor>Renee Zellweger</actor>
  <actor>Richard Gere</actor>
  <actor>Catherine Zeta-Jones</actor>
</movie>
```

SQL/XML: Choice of output formats

```
SELECT
  XMLELEMENT(NAME "Department",
    XMLATTRIBUTES (e.dept AS "name" ),
    XMLAGG( XMLELEMENT(NAME "emp", e.firstname) )
      ) AS "dept_list"
FROM employee e
WHERE .....
GROUP BY e.dept;
```

Available Functions:

- XMLELEMENT
- XMLATTRIBUTES
- XMLFOREST
- XMLCONCAT
- XMLAGG
- XML2CLOB
- XMLNAMESPACES
- XMLCAST

Start With

firstname	lastname	dept
SEAN	LEE	A00
MICHAEL	JOHNSON	B01
VINCENZO	BARELLI	A00
CHRISTINE	SMITH	A00

Produce

```
dept_list
<Department name="A00">
  <emp>CHRISTINE</emp>
  <emp>VINCENZO </emp>
  <emp>SEAN</emp>
</Department>
<Department name="B01">
  <emp>MICHAEL</emp>
</Department>
```

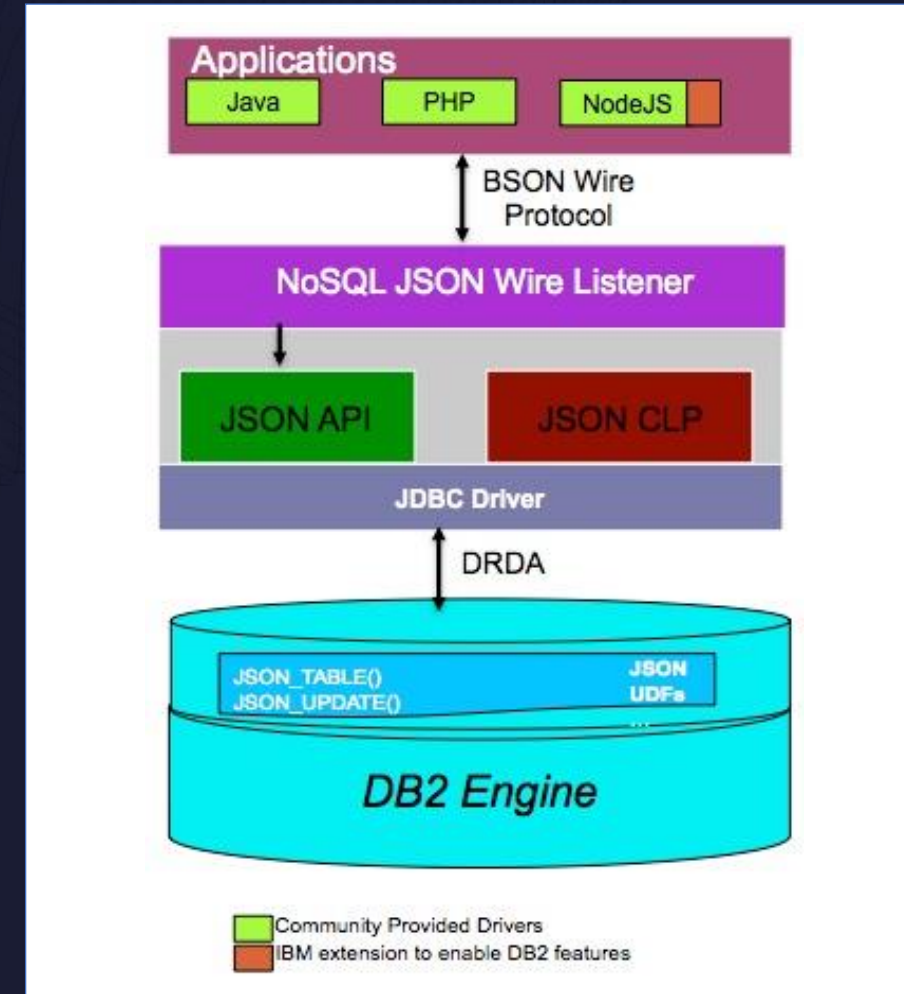


New and Modern Workloads JSON/BSON

Db2 – Support of JSON and BSON

- Db2 10.5 FP1 introduced JSON NoSQL support
 - Focused on allowing Db2 to participate in the NoSQL paradigm
 - Support of Mongo API through wire listener
- Our customers began to ask for native SQL support of JSON in Db2
 - Legacy applications accessing new JSON data
 - New JSON applications wanting to access legacy data

➤ Support of INDEX on JSON through INDEX ON EXPRESSION to provide “tier 1” performance



Proprietary JSON SQL functions integrated with Db2 11.1.2.2

- To help simplify our customer's experience with the proprietary JSON SQL functions, we have now officially included them as part of Db2

➤ The functions are automatically created in SYSTOOLS schema for a new database or added to an existing one when updated (via db2updv111)

➤ The functions are now documented in the Db2 knowledge center under a section called "SQL access to JSON documents"

Insert, Retrieve, and Document Validation

- BSON2JSON – Convert BSON into JSON
- JSON2BSON – Convert JSON into BSON
- BSON_VALIDATE – Ensure LOB is valid BSON

Field Retrieval

- JSON_VAL – Extract data from JSON into SQL data types
- JSON_TYPE – Returns data type of a JSON field

Array Retrieval

- JSON_TABLE – Returns a table of values from a JSON array
- JSON_LEN – Returns #elements in a JSON array
- JSON_GET_POS_ARR_INDEX – Find a value within an array

Document Update

- JSON_UPDATE – Update a field or document using set syntax

New built-in JSON SQL functions

- New implementations of JSON SQL functions based on recent ISO report on SQL support for JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)
- The (proprietary) SYSTOOLS functions will be de-emphasized but will continue to be supported

Schema	Name	Comments
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>BSON_TO_JSON</i>	<i>Convert BSON formatted document into JSON strings</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_TO_BSON</i>	<i>Convert JSON strings into a BSON document format</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_ARRAY</i>	<i>Creates JSON array from input key value pairs</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_OBJECT</i>	<i>Creates JSON object from input key value pairs</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_VALUE</i>	<i>Extract an SQL scalar value from a JSON object</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_QUERY</i>	<i>Extract a JSON object from a JSON object</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_TABLE</i>	<i>Creates relational output from a JSON object</i>
<i>SYSIBM</i>	<i>JSON_EXISTS</i>	<i>Determine whether a JSON object contains the desired JSON value</i>

New JSON NoSQL Wire Listener Update

- Enhance IBM NoSQL JSON Driver and IBM NoSQL Wire Listener APIs to MongoDB version 3.6.3 for better adoption
 - Mongo client of v4.x works with wire listener now
- Kerberos Authentication support for IBM NoSQL JSON Wire Listener
- Logging Enhancement for IBM NoSQL JSON Wire Listener

JSON & BSON Support in Db2 (V11.5.5)

- Natively store JSON or BSON data in Db2
- Get top tier performance with INDEX support
- Under the covers we leverage:
 - VARCHAR / VARBINARY for smaller documents
 - CLOBS / BLOBS for larger documents
- Full ACID and enterprise level availability, scalability, performance, security and recoverability available
- SQL Support
 - Proprietary UDFs with many JSON/BSON functions
 - SQL:2016 Standards (report) – 70% complete
- NoSQL Support
 - Mongo API wire listener
- Data Ingestion
 - LOAD, IMPORT, INSERT, etc

Columnar: Compact Varchar (11.5.4)

- Memory optimized efficient handling of VARCHARs in Columnar **Vectors and Workunits**
 - Store actual width, pad free in Vectors and Workunits
- Primary target : VARCHAR datatype
- Reduce memory consumption, spill I/O and OOMs primary impact focus
- Improved stride size and concurrency within query
- Performance improvement in some query is secondary benefit
- Where Applied:
 1. Columnar Vectors and Workunits
 2. Columnar Sort (both key and payload vectors)
 3. Columnar OLAP
 4. Columnar Group By payload vectors only
- But not in Group by and Join keys and payload

Columnar: Compact Varchar (11.5.5)

Impact

- Improved memory efficiency for wide VARCHARs in Columnar **Group By** and **Join**
- Reduce memory consumption, spill I/O and Out of Memory errors
- Performance improvements
- Increase in concurrency within Group By and Join operator

Results (from internal PQA workload)

- Overall workload elapse time, memory footprint and spilling greatly improved
 - Performance: Up to **2.9X overall** workload, **17.6X individual** query
 - Memory reduction: Up to **1.1X overall** workload, **2.5X** individual query
 - Spilling reduction: Up to **5.6X overall** workload, **>1200X** individual query

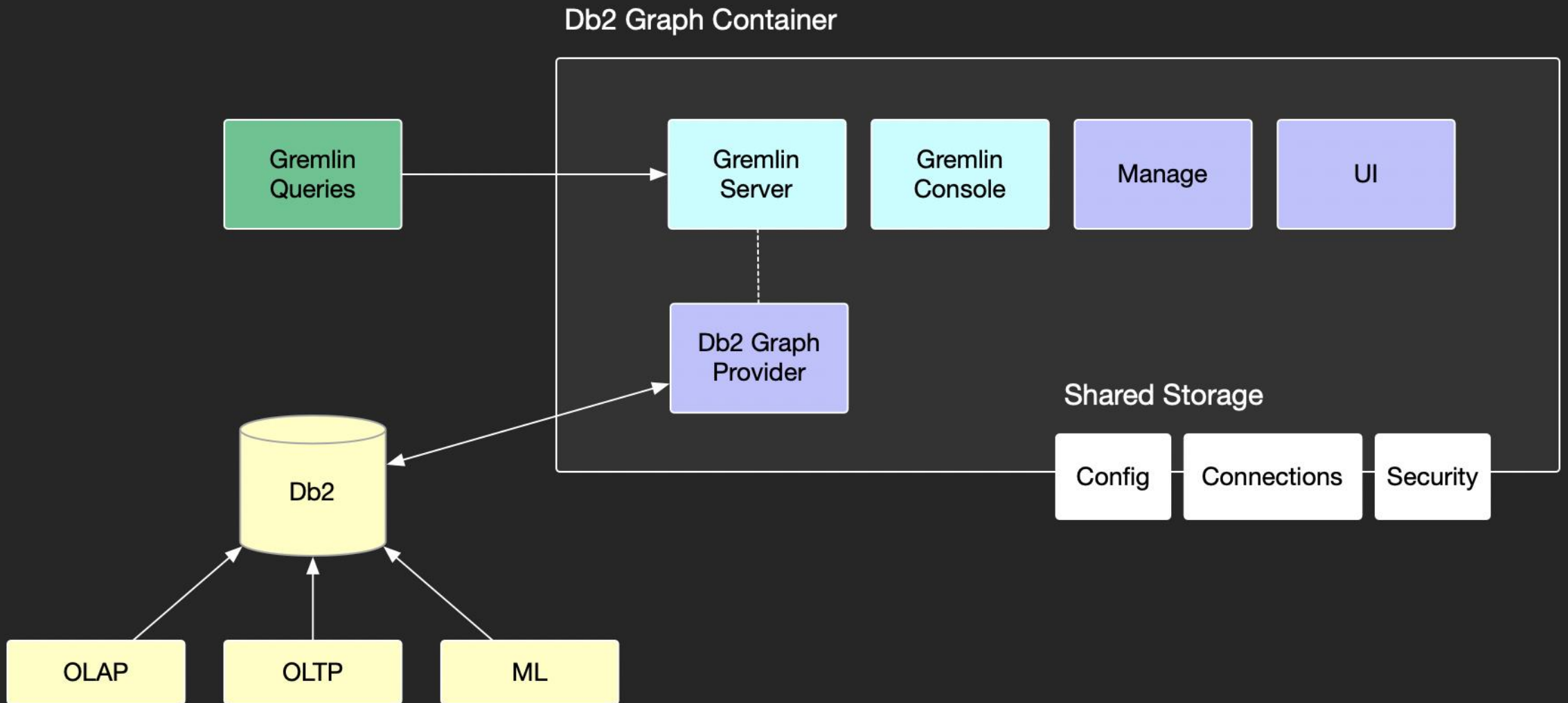


New and Modern Workloads Db2 Graph Database

What is Db2 Graph?

- Based on Apache **TinkerPop**
 - TinkerPop is an open-source graph framework
 - **Gremlin** is the graph query language of TinkerPop
 - Db2 Graph is a provider plugin for TinkerPop
- Includes the TinkerPop Gremlin Server and Console
- Provides a model builder and visualization of query results
- Available as a standalone container on IBM Cloud Container Registry and within Db2 on CP4D 4.0

Db2 Graph Components



How does Db2 Graph work?

- Defines a virtual **graph model** on top of Db2 tables
 - Uses referential information to automatically create a graph schema
 - Maps tables or views to graph vertices and edges
- Users create the **graph model** using the Db2 Graph user interface or with the container's manage command
- Db2 Graph uses the model to convert Gremlin queries to SQL
- Db2 remains untouched. No change in data, structure or performance.
- Existing applications are uninterrupted.
- Data is fetched by Db2 Graph at time of execution. Data consistency and updates are reflected in real-time.

Db2 Graph - Mapping relational data to a graph model

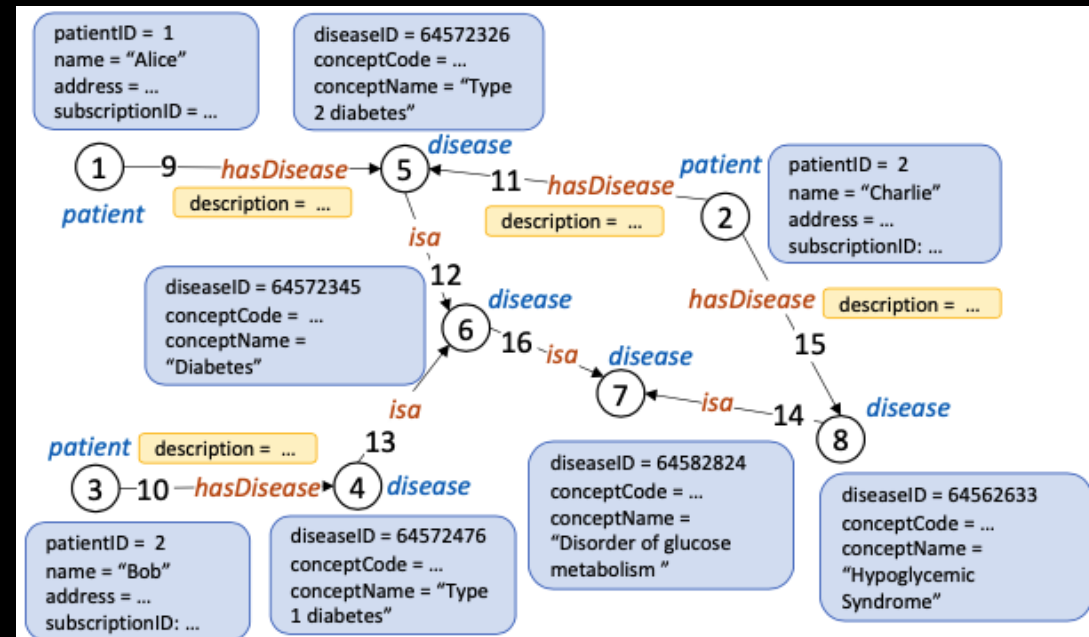
- Persists the identification of vertices and edges in a json model.
 - Vertices represent tables with a primary key
 - Edges represent relationships between tables identified by a foreign key
- Views are supported, but not included in the auto-generation and must be manually added.

Patient Table			
patientID	name	address	subscriptionID
1	Alice	...	115
...			...

HasDisease Table		
patientID	diseaseID	description
1	64572326	...
...

Disease Table		
diseaseID	conceptCode	conceptName
64572326	44054006	"Type 2 diabetes"
...	...	

DiseaseOntology Table		
sourceID	targetID	type
64572326	73211009	"isa"
...	...	



Db2 Graph - Creating a graph model

- Using the Db2 Graph user interface, you can:
 - easily auto-generate a model by dragging and dropping schemas (or tables)
 - add tables without primary keys
 - add views
 - fully customize how vertices and edges are represented

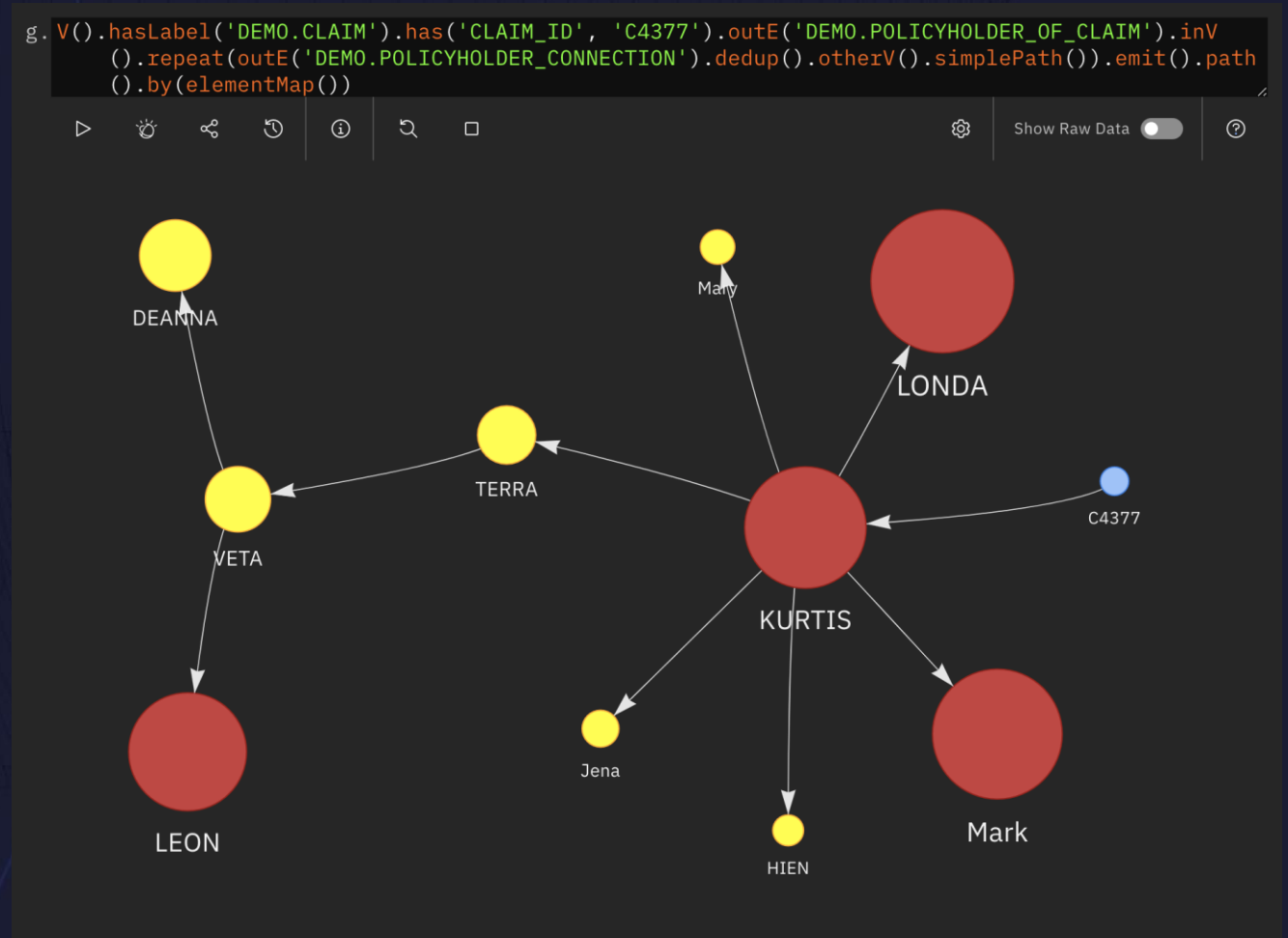
The screenshot displays the Db2 Graph user interface. On the left, a graph model is shown with vertices represented by blue and green hexagons and edges represented by arrows. The vertices include DEMO.SERVICE, DEMO.POLICYHOLDER, DEMO.POLICYHOLDER_CONNECTION, DEMO.POLICYHOLDER_OF_CLAIM, DEMO.CLAIM, DEMO.CLAIM_SIMILARITY, DEMO.INCHARGE, DEMO.INCHARGE_OF_CLAIM, DEMO.INSURED_OF_CLAIM, DEMO.DISEASE, DEMO.DISEASE_ONTOLOGY, and DEMO.PATIENT. The edges are labeled with relationships such as DEMO.INCHARGE_DEMO.SERVICE, DEMO.INCHARGE_OF_CLAIM, DEMO.INSURED_OF_CLAIM, and DEMO.HAS_DISEASE. On the right, the 'Edit Vertex Table' dialog is open for the DEMO.CLAIM vertex. The dialog includes the following sections:

- For: DEMO.CLAIM**
- Vertex Definition:** String to use in combination with the ID column values to identify rows in this table across the entire graph. The value is DEMO.CLAIM.
- Select the ID column(s) for DEMO.CLAIM:** CLAIM_ID
- Vertex Label Definition:** Should all vertices in this vertex table use the same fixed label? Yes
- Specify the fixed label:** DEMO.CLAIM
- Vertex Properties:** Do you want to include all columns as properties in graph queries? Yes

At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: Delete (red), Create Edge From This Vertex (grey), Cancel (black), and Save (blue).

Db2 Graph - Visualizing query results

- Execute queries directly in the user interface with:
 - query syntax highlighting
 - interactive visualizations
 - customization of labels, colors and sizes using visual insights that help identify patterns
 - re-runnable query history



Db2 Graph – Performance

- LinkBench graph & queries
 - 10 million node and 100 million node sample graphs
 - 32 core CPU, 256GB memory
 - Db2 and Db2 Graph running on same machine

LinkBench Query	Gremlin
getNode(id, lbl)	g.V(id).hasLabel(lbl)
countLinks(id1, lbl)	g.V(id1).outE(lbl).count()
getLink(id1, lbl, id2)	g.V(id1).outE(lbl).filter(outV().id() == id2)
getLinkList(id1, lbl)	g.V(id1).outE(lbl)

Real-time access to data, no export required to run queries with Db2 Graph

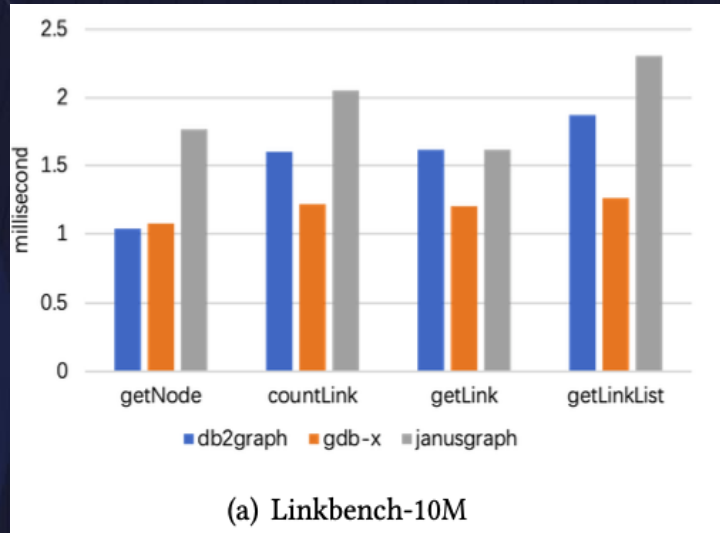
Opening the graph takes ~9x longer, because of aggressive caching or complex data formats

Linkbench Dataset	Db2 Graph		Export From DB	GDB-X			JanusGraph		
	Disk Usage	Open Graph		Disk Usage	Load Data	Open Graph	Disk Usage	Load Data	Open Graph
10M	4.6GB	1.4 sec	5 min	28GB	42 min	14 sec	29GB	65 min	15 sec
100M	45.8GB	2.1 sec	32 min	327GB	8 hr	15 sec	326GB	13.5 hr	17 sec

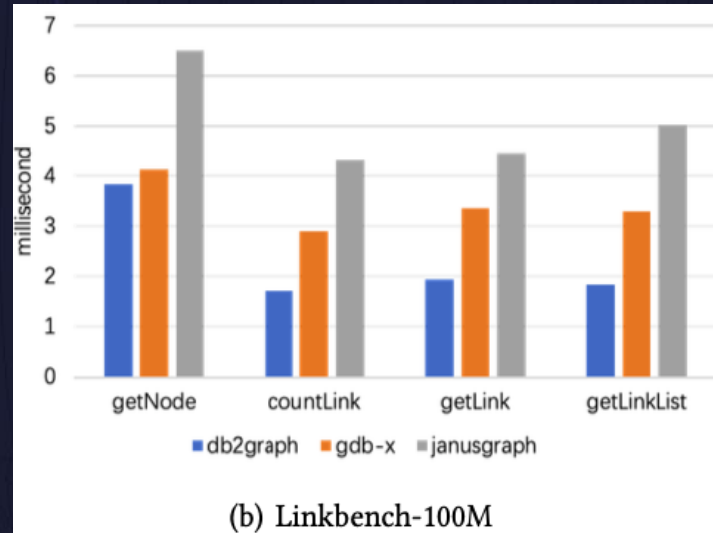
Need 6-7x more space to store data in the format

Db2 Graph - Performance

Latency –
lower is
better



(a) Linkbench-10M

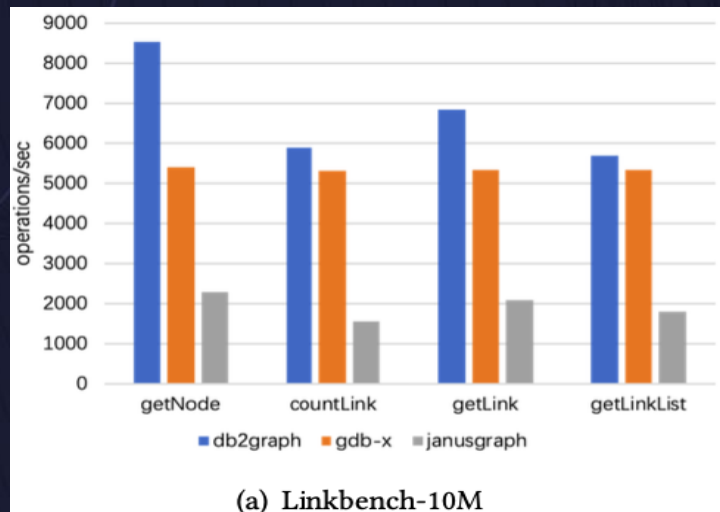


(b) Linkbench-100M

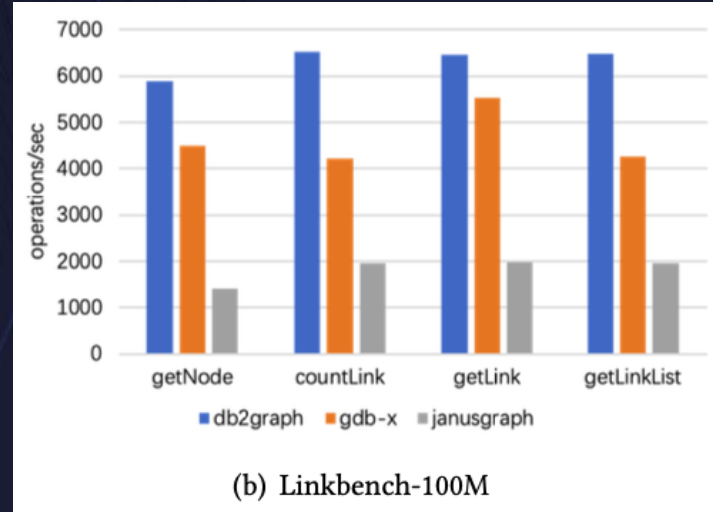
gdb-x performs well for smaller graphs because of their caching mechanism

gdb-x does not perform well when the size increase. For Db2 Graph, the data fits in Db2's buffer pool

Throughput –
higher is better



(a) Linkbench-10M



(b) Linkbench-100M

Db2 Graph is the clear winner, the underlying Db2 engine is good at handling concurrent queries.



New and Modern Workloads Spatial Analytics

Spatial Basics

Spatial Data Analysis



Spatial Access Through SQL

Spatial Data Types



Vector based representation

All Spatial Data Stored in the Database

On-Premise (single-node, MPP, pureScale)
Db2 WHoC (public, dedicated, local), IIAS

- Implements
 - Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) Simple Features for SQL using Types and Functions
 - ISO SQL/MM part 3: spatial
 - Geography Markup Language (GML) for geometries
 - Well-known Text/Binary (WKT/WKB) for geometries
 - Shapefile import/export (de-facto)
 - WKT for coordinate systems (>5000 predefined)

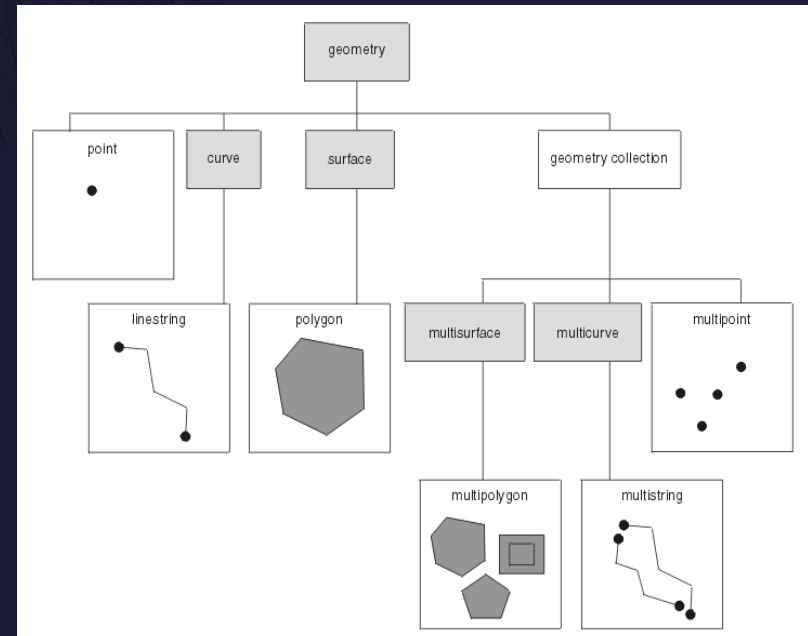
```
SELECT a.road_id, a.time, i.id, ST_Distance(a.loc, i.loc, 'METER') as distance
FROM accidents a, intersections i
WHERE ST_Distance(a.loc, i.loc, 'METER') < 10000 AND a.weather = 'RAIN'
```

```
SELECT a.name, a.type
FROM highways a, floodzones b
WHERE ST_Intersects(a.location, b.location) = 1 AND b.last_flood > 1980
```

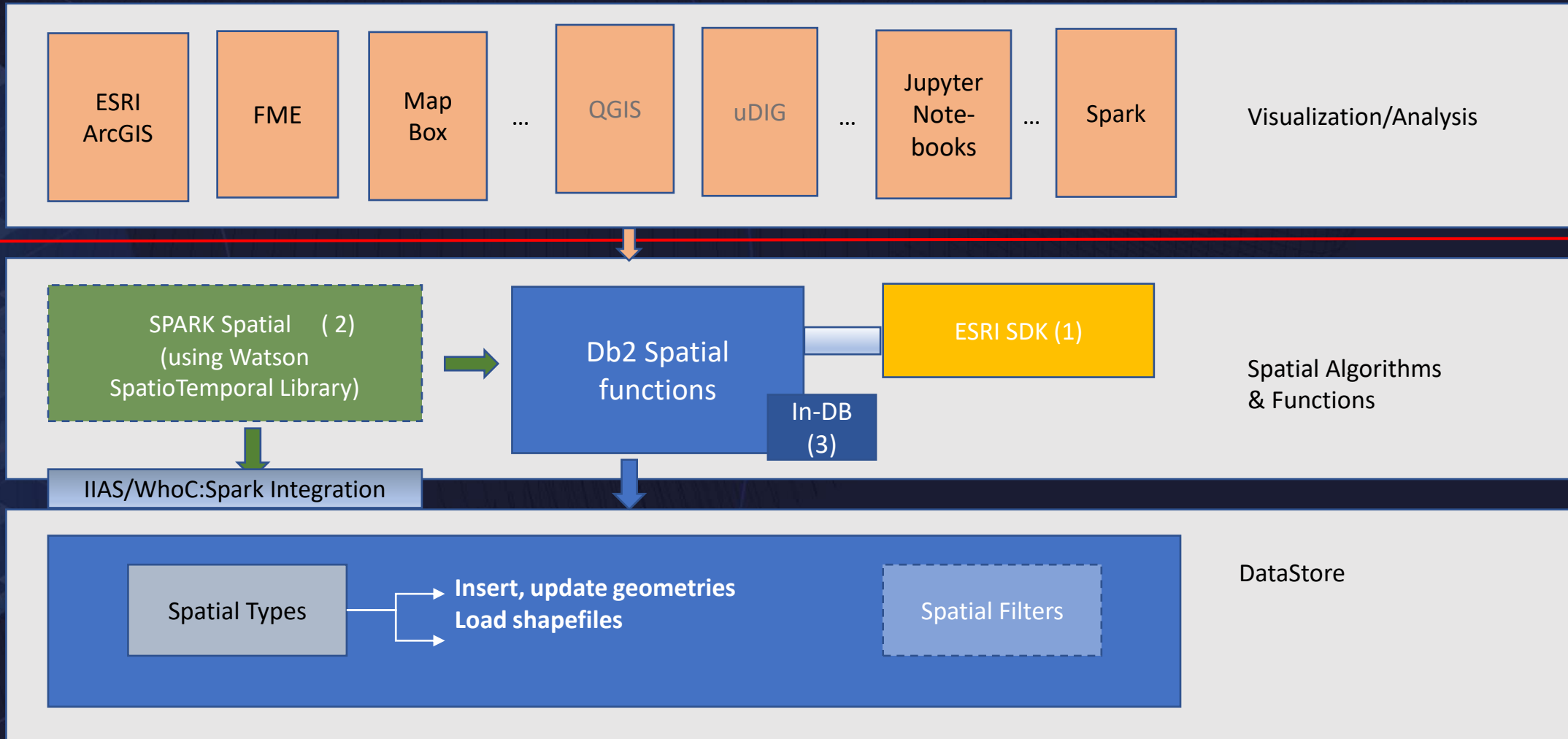
Spatial Components

- Spatial Extender (DB2GSE) and Spatial Analytics (SYSGEO)
- ~350* functions/ methods
- Spatial Metadata
 - catalog tables and views
- Data Types
 - Hierarchical geometries
 - SQL Types (ST_Geometry)
 - Geometries stored as BLOBs

ST_Area	ST_GeometryType	ST_OrderingEquals	And more...
ST_AsBinary	ST_InteriorRingN	ST_Overlaps	
ST_AsText	ST_Intersection	ST_Perimeter	Simplified Constructors from
ST_Boundary	ST_Intersects	ST_Point	
ST_Buffer	ST_IsClosed	ST_PointFromText	x.y
ST_Centroid	ST_IsEmpty	ST_PointFromWKB	WKT
ST_Contains	ST_IsRing	ST_PointN	WKB
ST_ConvexHull	ST_IsSimple	ST_PointOnSurface	GML
ST_CoordDim	ST_IsValid	ST_PolyFromText	shape
ST_Crosses	ST_Length	ST_PolyFromWKB	Linear referencing
ST_Difference	ST_LineFromText	ST_Polygon	Spatial aggregation
ST_Dimension	ST_LineFromWKB	ST_Relate	ST_AsGML
ST_Disjoint	ST_MLineFromText	ST_SRID	ST_AsShape
ST_Distance	ST_MLineFromWKB	ST_StartPoint	
ST_Endpoint	ST_MPointFromText	ST_SymmetricDiff	
ST_Envelope	ST_MPointFromWKB	ST_Touches	
ST_Equals	ST_MPolyFromText	ST_Transform	
ST_ExteriorRing	ST_MPolyFromWKB	ST_Union	
ST_GeomFromWKB	ST_NumGeometries	ST_WKBToSQL	
ST_GeometryFromText	ST_NumInteriorRing	ST_WKTToSQL	
ST_GeometryN	ST_NumPoints	ST_Within	
		ST_X	
		ST_Y	



Spatial Layers



Db2 11.5.6 - Spatial Analytics Summary

Spatial Processing in Db2	Spatial Extender	Spatial Analytics	Spatio-Temporal Toolkit
Processing Method	In-Database	In-Database	Spark distributed processing using data frames
Data Organization	Row-Store	Column-Store Row-Store	n/a
Index Type	Spatial Grid	N/A	Geohash
Spatial Joins	Yes	Yes	Yes
Spatio-Temporal Joins	No	No	Yes
Function Type	Planar (with few exceptions)	Planar (with few exceptions)	Geodetic
Support for custom Coordinate Systems	Yes	Yes	No
Support for Spatial Reference Systems	Yes, default = 0, undefined	Yes, default = 4326, WGS84	No, all data in WGS84
Maximum Shape Size (compressed)	4 MB	4 MB	n/a

Spatial Transport Formats	Spatial Extender	Spatial Analytics	Spatio-Temporal Toolkit
GeoJSON	No	Yes*	Yes
GML	Yes	Yes*	No
KML	Export only	Export only	No
SDE	Yes	Yes	No
Shapefiles	Yes	Yes	No
WKB	Yes	Yes	Yes
WKT	Yes	Yes	Yes

Spatial Analytics – Demos and More Information

Documentation:

<https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/db2/11.5?topic=spatial-data>

Banking location usage insight scenario

<https://developer.ibm.com/recipes/tutorials/ibm-db2-spatial-analytics-bank/>

Runkeeper Scenario

<https://ibm.app.box.com/s/kb7baqbchmfptyf903q9fyqvpe3w093n>

The screenshot shows the IBM Developer website interface. At the top, there is a search bar and a user profile icon. Below the navigation bar, the page title is "IBM Developer Recipes". The main content area displays a code snippet for generating a heatmap:


```
meridian_customers_base_map = generateBaseMap()  
HeatMap(data=df_meridian_customers_arr, radius=8, max_zoom=13).add_to(meridian_customers_base_map)
```

Below the code, there is a map visualization showing a heatmap of customer locations in the San Jose area. The map is overlaid on a street map and shows a concentration of blue and purple dots, indicating areas with higher customer density. The map includes a scale bar (0 to 3 km) and a legend.

The screenshot shows the IBM Bluemix Jupyter Notebook interface. The top navigation bar includes "DASHBOARD", "SOLUTIONS", "CATALOG", "PRICING", "DOCS", and "COMMUNITY". The notebook is titled "50 Toughest Tracks in Munich (most climb)". The code cell contains a SQL query:

```
In [ ]: munich_tough = idadb.ida_query( "WITH munich_all(END_X, END_Y, GEO, ID, DISTANCE, MaxZ, MinZ, CLIMB) AS " +  
" (SELECT db2gse.ST_X(ENDPOINT) GEO_X, db2gse.ST_Y(ENDPOINT) GEO_Y, GEO, ID, DISTANCE, MaxZ, MinZ, Climb " +  
" FROM (SELECT db2gse.ST_EndPoint(treat(GEO as db2gse.ST_LineString)) ENDPOINT, " +  
" GEO, db2gse.ST_MaxZ(GEO) MaxZ, db2gse.ST_MinZ(GEO) MinZ, " +  
" db2gse.ST_MaxZ(GEO) - db2gse.ST_MinZ(GEO) CLIMB, A.ID, A.DISTANCE " +  
" FROM SHOWCASE.RKDATA WKT A, SHOWCASE.CITIES B " +  
" WHERE STATUS=1 AND ACTIVITY_TYPE='Running' AND db2gse.ST_Intersects(GEO, area)=1)) " +  
"SELECT A.END_X, A.END_Y, A.ID, VARCHAR(db2gse.st_astext(B.GEO)) WKT, A.MaxZ, A.MinZ, A.CLIMB " +  
"WHERE A.ID=B.ID " +  
"ORDER BY CLIMB DESC " +  
"FETCH FIRST 50 ROWS ONLY")
```

Below the code cell, there is a map visualization showing the 50 toughest tracks in Munich. The map is overlaid on a street map and shows a heatmap of the toughest tracks, with a concentration of blue and purple dots in the central area of Munich. The map includes a scale bar (0 to 3 km) and a legend.



New and Modern Workloads In-Db2 Machine Learning

Existing Challenges with ML Projects

ML Development:

- ❑ **Talent gap** (62% faces this))
- ❑ **Sensitive data** (e.g., GDPR)
- ❑ **Collecting data** (19% efforts))
- ❑ **Cleaning data** (60% efforts)

ML Deployment:

- ❑ **Infrastructure** (scalable)
- ❑ **Scoring Performance**
- ❑ **Integration**

66% of ML projects leverage relational data

55% of ML projects don't go beyond experiments

In-Db2 ML - In-database Scoring



Latency-sensitive Decisions

Instantaneous predictions

Examples:

- Payment processing
- Fraud detection
- Loan/claim pre-approval



Large Batch Predictions

Near real-time prediction using “fresh” operational data

Examples:

- Anomaly detection
- Escalation risk prediction
- Intra-day forecasting
- Dynamic price optimization

R/Python UDF: Scoring R Models via Db2

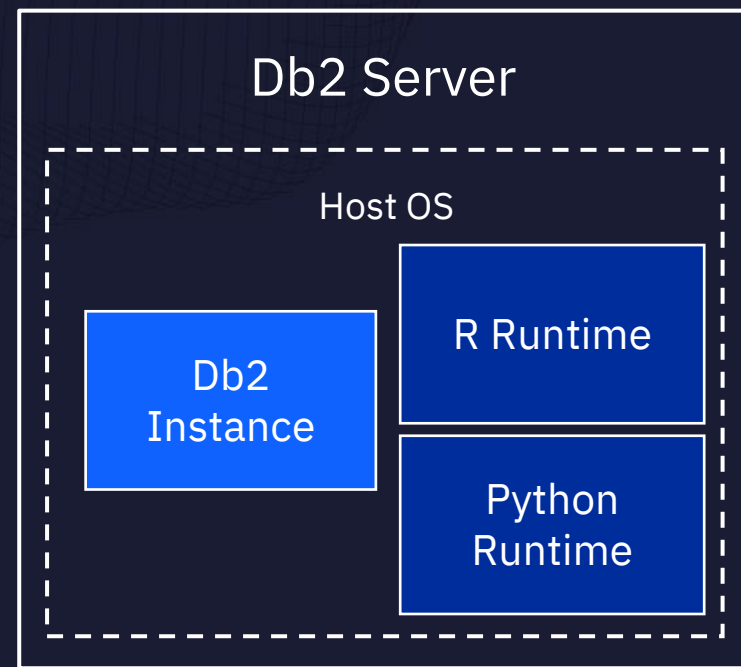
Watson
or
Open Source



Export the ML pipeline by
serializing *python joblib*



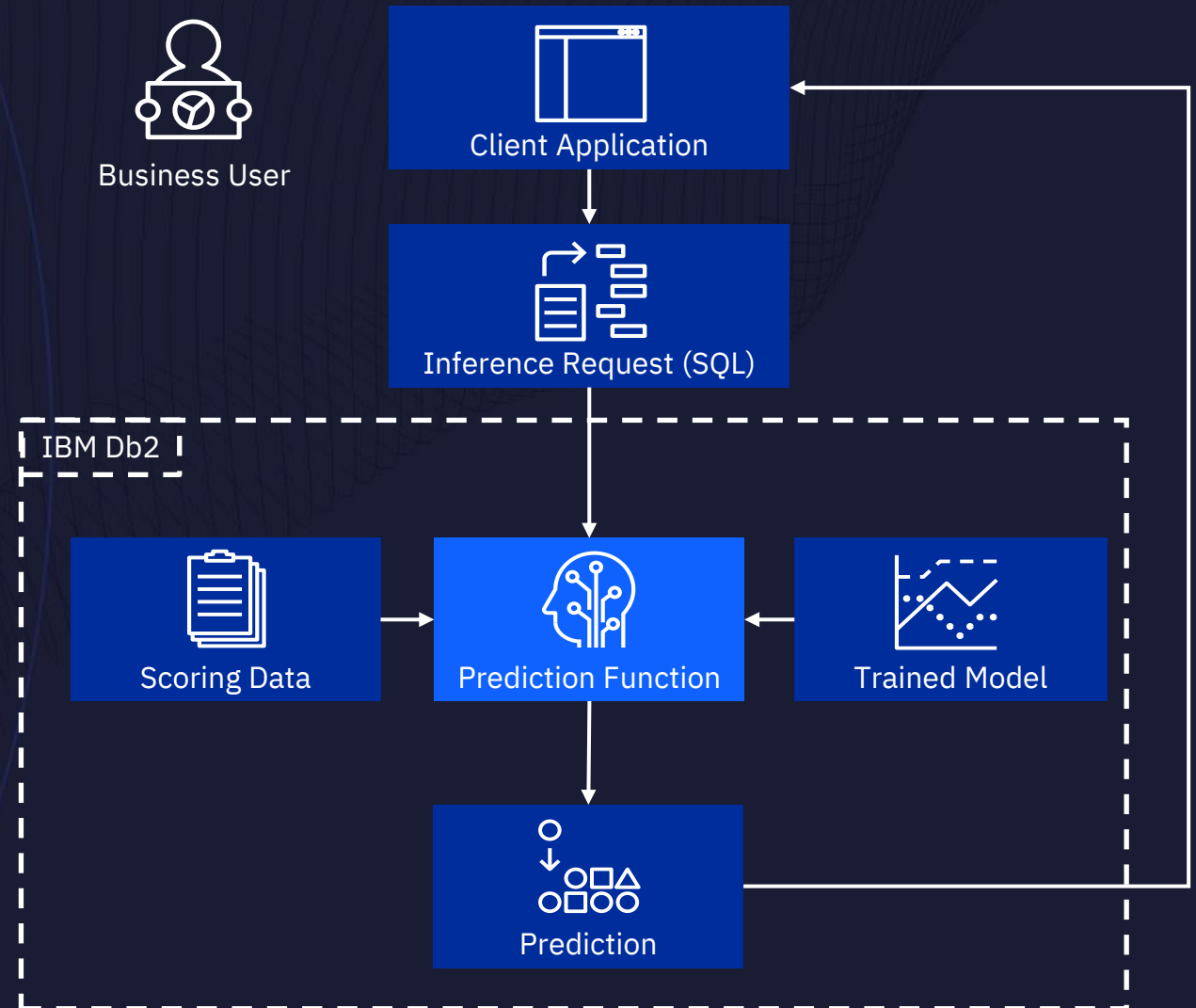
Export the ML pipeline and other
deployment assets as *RDS files*



In-Db2 ML - Inferencing

Benefits:

- ML Infrastructure
- Low-latency
- High-throughput
- Simpler Integration



In-Db2 ML - 5x Speed up of Inferencing with IBM Db2

Model & Dataset

Logistic Regression (scikit-learn) Model

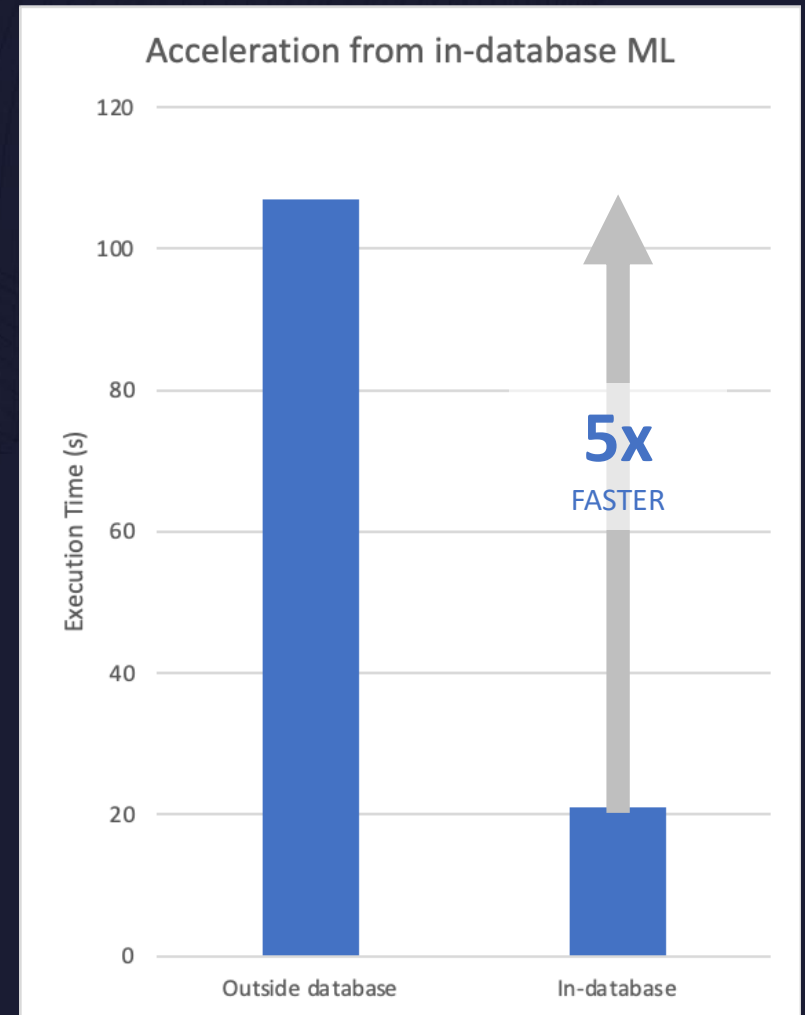
Batch size: 800k rows

Scoring on a Separate System

Data retrieved (over network) from Db2, scored, and written back to Db2: **1m47s**

Scoring with Db2

Data retrieved, scored, and written back inside Db2: **21s**



In-Db2 ML - AutoAI



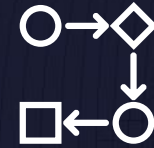
Fast Model Selection

Select top-performing models in only minutes.



Start Quickly

Get started with experimentation, evaluation, and deployment.



AI Lifecycle Management

Enforce consistency and repeatability of end-to-end ML and AI development.



Integrated UI

Automate data prep, feature engineering and hyper-parameter optimization.



Pipeline Leaderboard

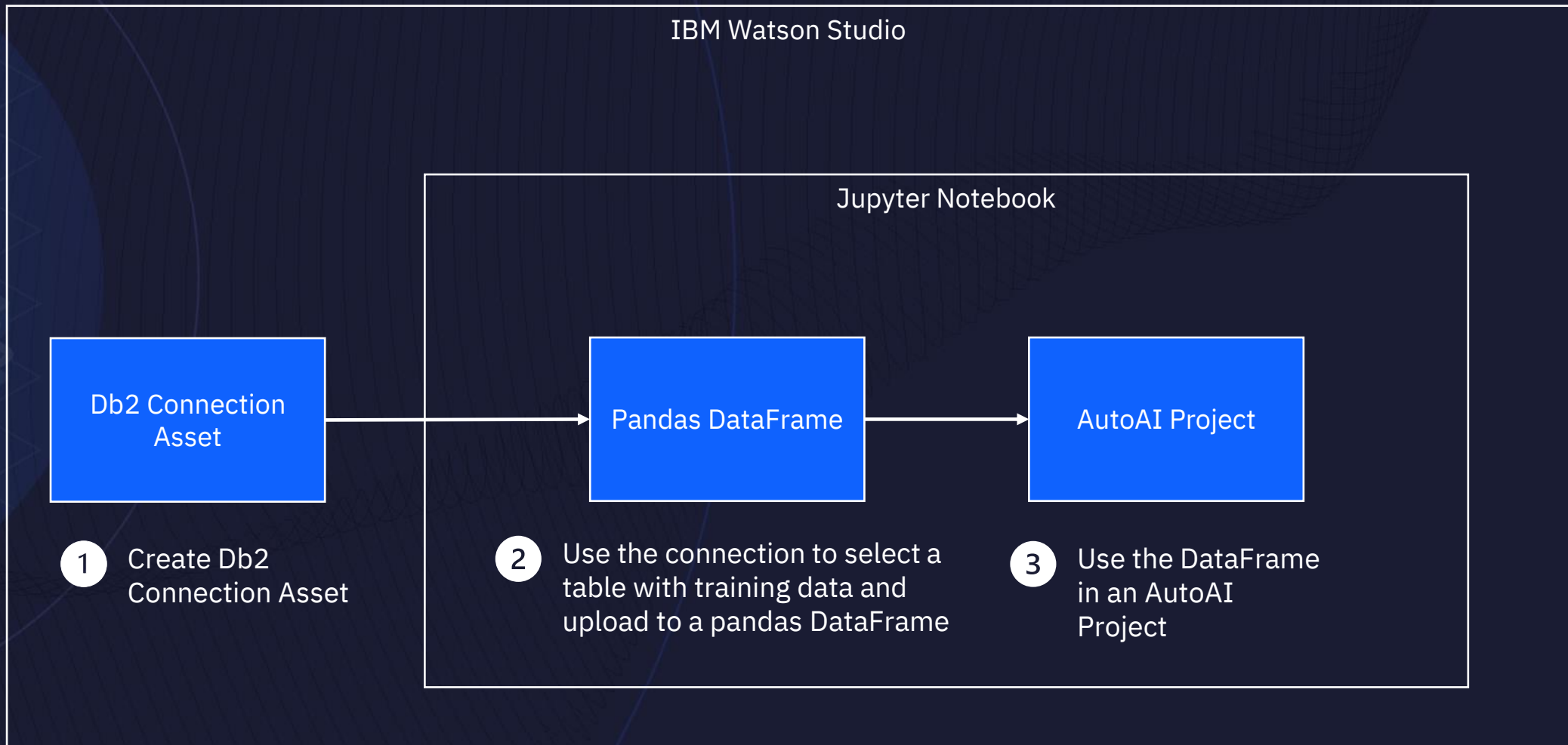
Watch and compare the top performing models on the leaderboard.



One-Click Deployment

When you are ready, save and select services to deploy with Watson Machine Learning.

In-Db2 ML - AutoAI & Db2: Workflow



In-Db2 ML - Supported Db2 Databases and ML Frameworks



Supported Databases

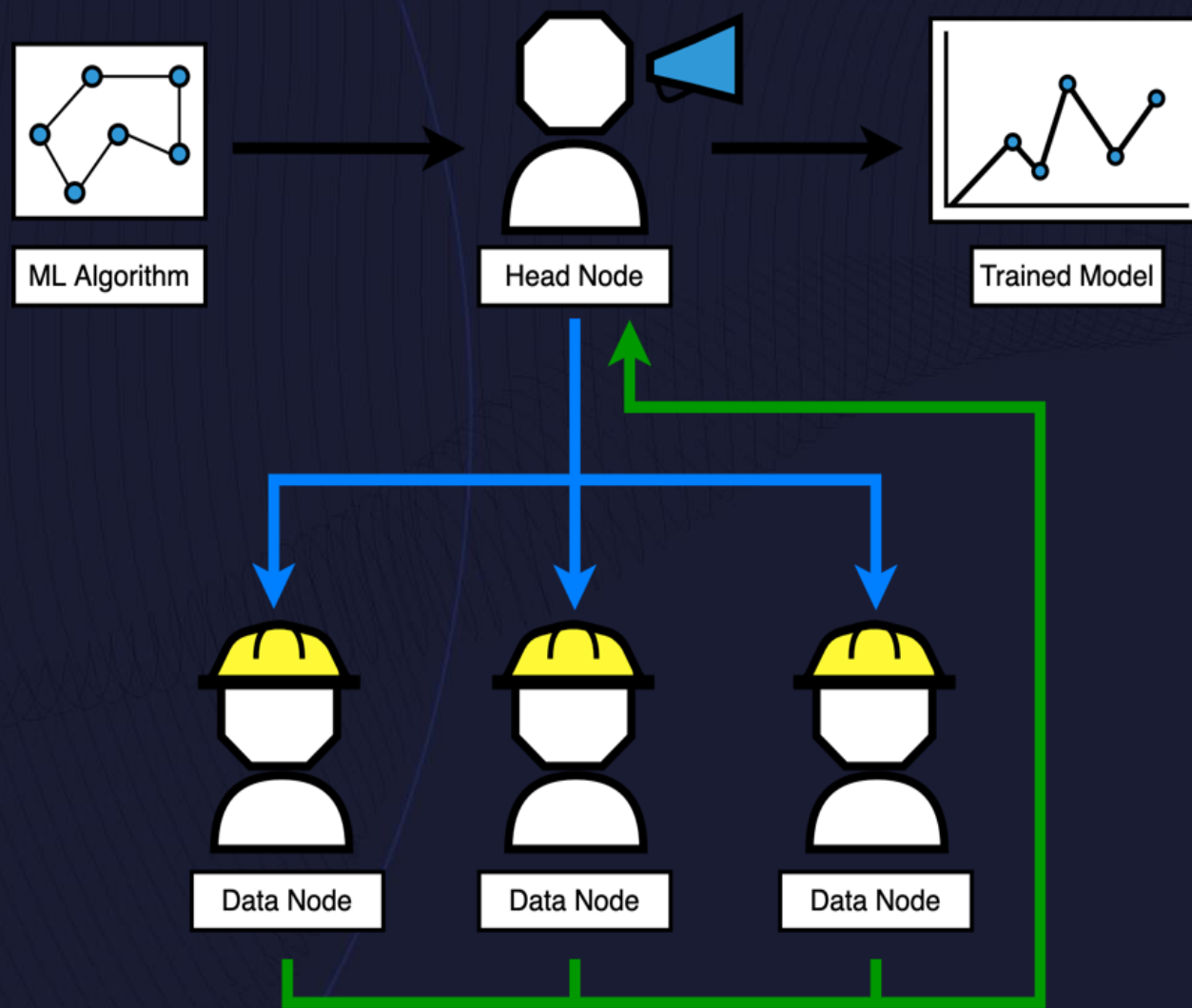
- Db2
- Db2 on Cloud
- Db2 Hosted
- Db2 zOS
- Db2 Warehouse



Supported ML Frameworks

- scikit-learn
- lightGBM
- XGBoost

Distributed Model Training



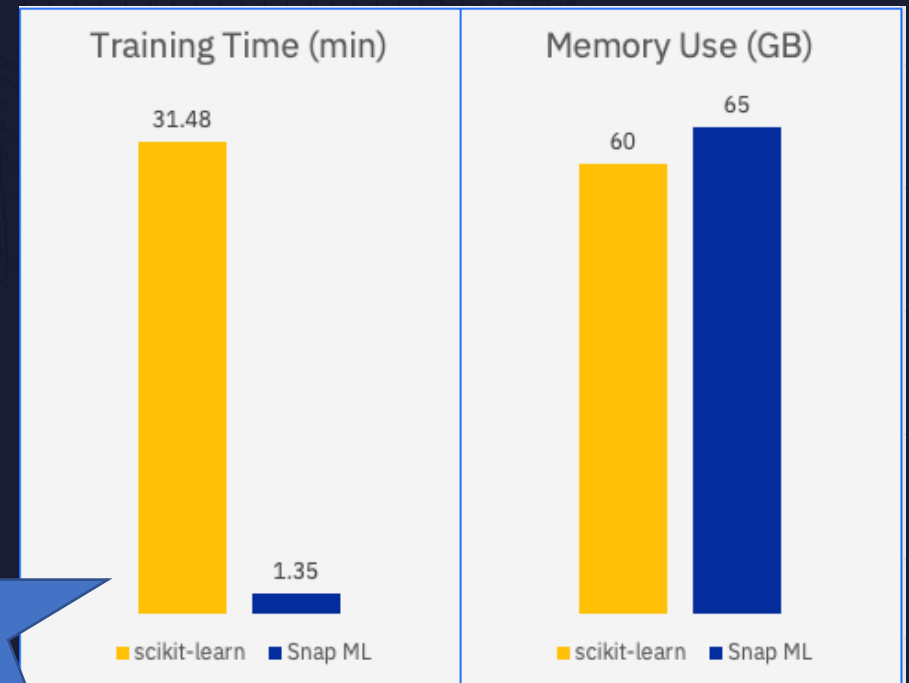
Accelerating and Optimizing AI Lifecycle – With IBM Db2

Snap ML: Accelerated and Distributed Machine Learning Algorithms in Db2



Popular ML Algorithms

- Linear Regression*
- Logistic Regression
- SVM
- SnapBoost
- Decision Tree
- Random Forest



23X

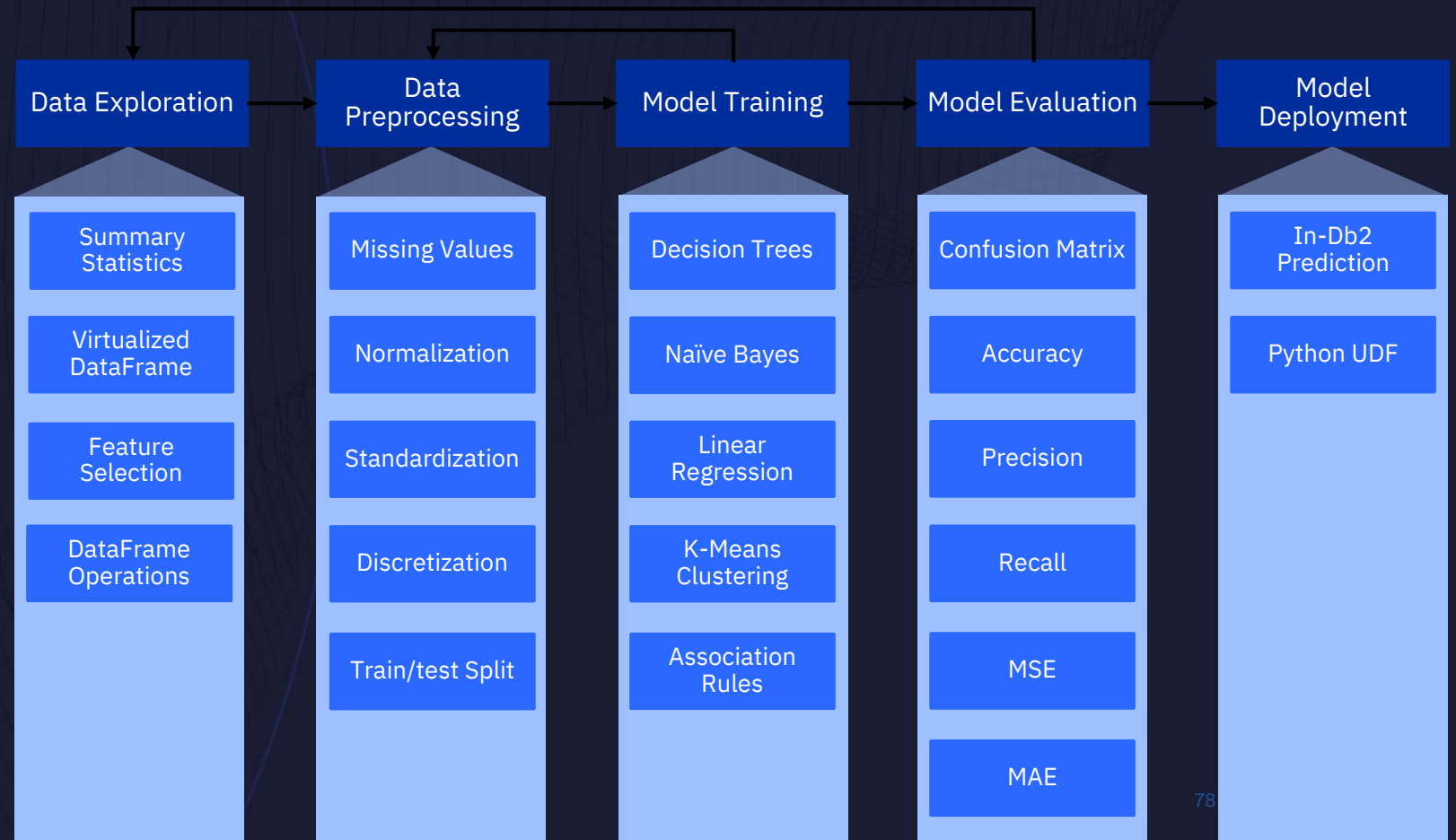
Decision Tree

Db2 11.5.5 ML Capabilities

- Speed
- SQL Interface
- Distributed Training
- Security
- Scalability



Platforms
x86 Linux
PPC LE
zLinux (Linear Reg. unsupported)



Challenges

Benefits of ML with Db2

Talent Gap

SQL interface for ML Deployment

Sensitive data

Virtualized data access and model building

Data transfer costs

In-Db2 ML – no data transfer

Infrastructure

Secure and scalable Db2 Infrastructure

Inference performance

In-Db2 scoring of Db2-native and open source models

Integration of ML

SQL-based Inference Queries

In-Db2 ML - Demos and Tutorials

Demos:

[Build a Customer Segmentation Model with Db2 \(K-Means Clustering\)](#)

[Build a Classification Model with Db2 \(Decision Tree\)](#)

[Build a Regression Model with Db2 \(Linear Regression\)](#)

[Integrate a Db2-native model with a Cognos Dashboard](#)

[Deploying a ML Model Trained on Cloud Pak for Data to Db2](#)

Hands-On:

[Tutorials and Jupyter Notebooks](#)

[Pre-configured Hands-on Environment](#)

Documentation:

[Db2 11.5 Knowledge Center](#)

In-Db2 ML - 4-hour Instructor-Led or self-paced Hands-on Training

- Gentle Introduction to Machine Learning Concepts
- Hands-on: build and deploy ML models using Db2's built-in ML Stored Procedures
- Hands-on: build and integrate open-source Python models with IBM Db2

The Workshop is delivered via requestable VMs available for both IBM employees and customers.

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Available as part of IDUG NA (Virtual) in June



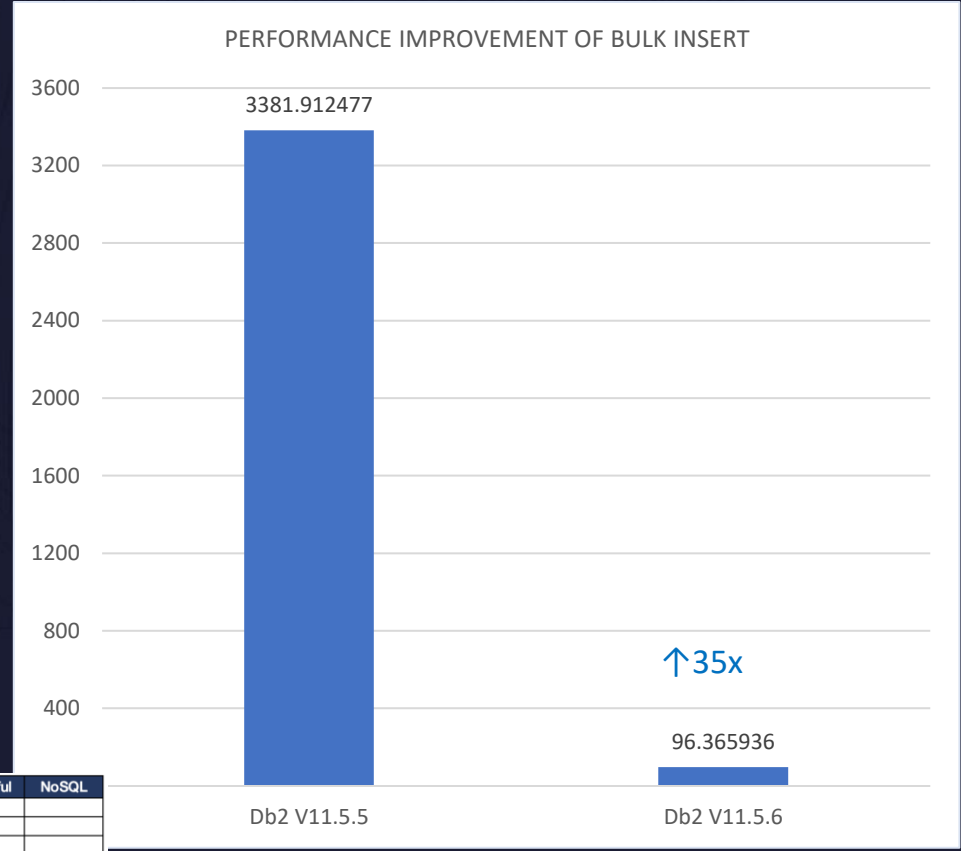
New and Modern Workloads Data Virtualization

Federation – New Enhancements (11.5.6)

- Connectivity – Spark JDBC Connectivity Support
- Functionality – Column Length Variation for Code Page Conversion
- Functionality – Nickname Hidden Column Support
- Performance – Federation DRDA Bulk Insert for Db2 Family Data Sources

Category	Data Source	Native	ODBC	JDBC	RESTful	NoSQL
Relational	Db2 LUW	Yes		Yes		
	Db2 for IBM i	Yes				
	Oracle	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	MS SQL Server	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	Informix	Yes				
	Sybase	Yes				
Warehouse / Appliance	IIAS	Yes		Yes		
	Netezza		Yes	Yes		
	Teradata	Yes		Yes		
	SAP HANA		Yes	Yes		
	Greenplum		Yes	Yes		
Open Source	MySQL Community		Yes	Yes		
	MySQL Enterprise		Yes	Yes		
	PostgreSQL		Yes	Yes		
	MariaDB		Yes	Yes		
	Derby			Yes		
Hadoop	IBM Db2 BigSQL	Yes		Yes		
	Hive		Yes	Yes		
	Spark		Yes	Yes		
	Impala		Yes			
Files	Delimited	Yes				
	Excel	Yes	Yes			
	XML	Yes				
	JSON					Yes
	CSV	Yes				
Mainframe	Db2 for z/OS	Yes		Yes		
	IBM DVM for z/OS			Yes		

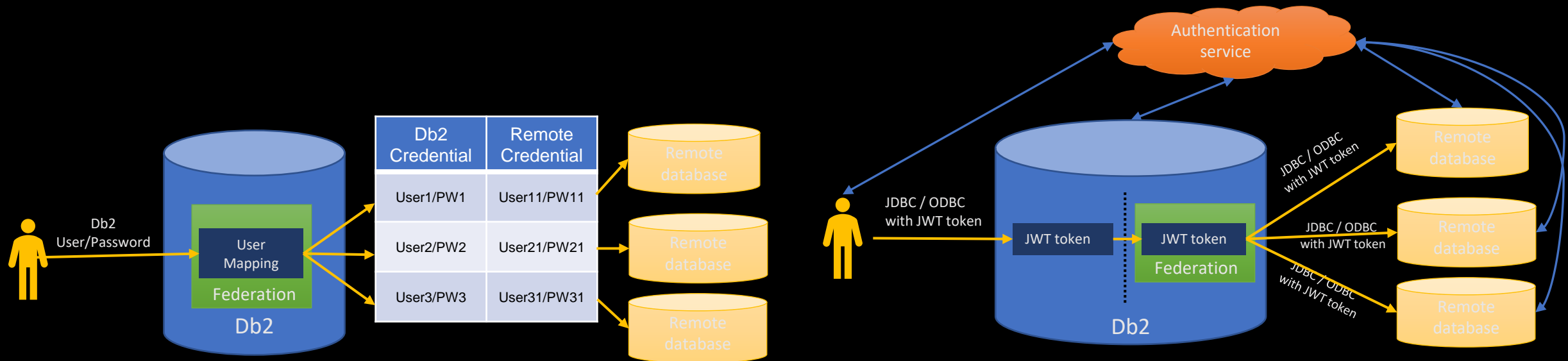
Category	Data Source	Native	ODBC	JDBC	RESTful	NoSQL	
Message Queue	MQSeries	Yes					
	Db2 Warehouse	Yes		Yes			
Cloud	MS Azure SQL		Yes				
	Oracle Cloud		Yes				
	Amazon AWS Redshift			Yes			
	Google BigQuery			Yes			
	Amazon AWS S3			Yes			
	Salesforce			Yes			
	Snowflake		Yes	Yes			
	NoSQL	Hyperledger Fabric					Yes
		MongoDB					Yes
		CouchDB					Yes
Hbase HDFS						Yes	
Cassandra						Planning	
Redis						Planning	
Jira					Yes		
Aha!					Yes		
GitHub					Yes		
HubSpot					Yes		
TeamCity					Yes		
api.spacexdata.com					Yes		
earthquake.usgs.gov					Yes		
Google Calendar API					Yes		
groupkt.com					Yes		
Yelp				Yes			



Supported Before v10.5
Supported In v11.1
Supported In v11.5 GA
Supported in v11.5.4
Supported in v11.5.5
Supported in v11.5.6
Working / Planning

Federation JSON Web Token (JWT) Single Sign-On (SSO) Support

- Federation User Mapping manages the relationship between different credentials of the local Db2 & remote databases
- Federation SSO shares the same credential between Db2 and remote database
- Federation determines the authentication mechanism to be
 - User Mapping when both are using user/password authentication
 - SSO when both are using JWT authentication, and get/pass JWT from Db2 to remote
- Only support Db2-to-Db2 (DRDA) connection



Db2 Federation Performance Improvement (V11.5.5)

- Common Scenario – these performance enhancements will benefit all federated workloads
- Featured Scenario – these performance enhancements will benefit specific use cases and functional items

Item for Common Scenario	Atomic Query		100 TPCDS Query
Federation Inter-partition Parallelism	1x~2x (3 nodes)	2.5x~3.5x (5 nodes)	4.8x (4 nodes)
Federation FMP buffer size enhancement	~0.3x		0.17x
Item for Featured Scenario	Featured Query		
Federation FFNR Pushdown	1270x (full pushdown)	56x (partial pushdown)	
Federation NoSQL Pushdown for MongoDB	50x		
Federation Bulk Insert for Oracle	84x		



New and Modern Workloads

Demos and More Information

Db2 JSON, BSON Support

ibm.biz/db2json

Db2 Graph Database and Graph Query Demos:

<https://youtu.be/C5vmcYKEN-U>

https://youtu.be/5_5UMeGWHV8

In-Db2 Machine Learning Demos:

[Build a Customer Segmentation Model with Db2 \(](#)

[Build a Classification Model with Db2 \(Decision Tree\)](#)

[Build a Regression Model with Db2 \(Linear Regression\)](#)

[Integrate a Db2-native model with a Cognos Dashboard](#)

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Db2 Resources

Information Resources:

- Db2 Roadmap - <http://ibm.biz/AnalyticsRoadmaps>
- Db2 RFE (Idea) Portal - <http://ibm.biz/submitdb2idea>
- Db2 Recorded Educational Webinars- <http://ibm.biz/db2webinar>
- Subscribe to Db2 technical newsletter - <http://ibm.biz/db2nlsignup>
- Connect with the Db2 online community - <http://ibm.biz/db2tribe>

Developer Resources:

- Db2 Developer Page to get started - <http://ibm.biz/db2developer>
- For Experienced Db2 developers, get your fav Db2 code sample on github - <http://ibm.biz/db2github>
- Want to try Machine Learning with Db2, check out - <http://ibm.biz/learndb2>
- Want details on Db2 Python Driver - <http://ibm.biz/db2-drivers-python>
- Want Details on Db2 PHP Driver - <http://ibm.biz/db2-drivers-php>
- Want Details on Db2 Node.js Driver - <http://ibm.biz/db2-drivers-node>
- Download the free Db2 python e-book - <http://ibm.biz/db2pythonbook>

Db2 –

Ready for Modernized Workloads and Deployments

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Db2 LUW